

Robin E1X LiDAR

User Manual



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Preface

Product

Robin E1X LiDAR

Manufacturer

SEYOND

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Overview

This manual provides instructions for the installation, usage, maintenance, and diagnostic evaluation of Robin E1X LiDAR (hereinafter referred to as "Robin E1X" or "LiDAR"). The contents of this manual cover different phases of the LiDAR life cycle, including the installation, configuration, operation, and maintenance of the LiDAR.

The intended users of this manual include project developers (R&D personnel and designers), installers, electrical professionals, safety professionals, and service personnel.

Original document

This document is the original document owned by Seyond.

Manual description

Although this document covers instructions to handle typical problems, it is not guaranteed to resolve all problems. If you encounter issues not covered in the manual, please contact Seyond staff in a timely manner. This manual will be updated when new information becomes available.

Tel : (650)963-9573

E-mail: info@seyond.com

Precautions

This user manual covers Robin E1X introduction, installation, transferring, usage, maintenance, diagnostic evaluation, disposal, etc., and software instructions.

Considering Robin E1X is a laser product, please thoroughly read and comprehend all information within this manual before operating the LiDAR and follow all precautions to avoid danger. Please strictly follow the instructions and steps described in the manual during operation.

Safety notices

Before using the product, please read this manual carefully and strictly follow the relevant instructions.

Please contact Seyond staff to obtain detailed specifications.

To reduce the risk of electric shock and avoid violating the warranty, please do not disassemble or modify the LiDAR without permission. This product does not contain the user's serviceable parts. Please consult Seyond's certified service personnel for maintenance and repair.



Use of controls, adjustments, or performance of procedures other than those specified for this product may result in hazardous radiation leakage.



**CLASS 1
LASER PRODUCT**

- Class 1 laser product.
- Failure to use, control, adjust or operate LiDAR as specified herein may result in serious radiation hazards.
- This device incorporates a protective housing and a scan failure safeguard in the machine design such that there is no direct exposure or human access to laser radiation generated by the laser component during operation or maintenance.
- UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCE shall attempts be made to operate the laser with protective housing removed or the scan failure safeguards overridden.
- When the laser is powered up, service procedures are only intended to be operated by Seyond service personnel or persons trained and certified by Seyond.



Complies with FDA performance standards for laser products except for conformance with IEC 60825-1 Ed. 3, as described in Laser Notice No. 56, dated May 8, 2019.

This product meets the following standards:

IEC 60825-1:2014

21 CFR 1010.2. No. 56

Device maintenance

This product is made of metal, glass, plastic, and contains sensitive electronic components.

- Do not misuse the product by dropping, burning, piercing, bumping, squeezing, etc.
- Shut off the product immediately once it is hit or dropped. Please contact Seyond staff for technical support.

- If there is any possibility that the product may have been damaged, please stop using it immediately to prevent injury to personnel.
- Do not touch the LiDAR window with your hands to avoid performance degradation.
- If the LiDAR window is stained, please clean the product following the requirements.
- It is strictly prohibited for users to disassemble or convert the device without permission. Dismantling this product may result in product damage, loss of waterproof performance, or personal injury.

Electrical safety

- Always use the connecting cable and power adapter provided or specified by Seyond.
- Using damaged cables or adapters in a humid environment may lead to fire, electric shock, personal injury, product damage, or other property losses.

Heat dissipation

- Long-time contact with the hot surface of the product may cause personal discomfort or injury.
- To avoid heat accumulation, please ensure the device is in well-ventilated environment.
- LiDAR may generate a high amount of heat after prolonged operations. It is recommended to shut off the power for a few minutes before touching it.

Operating environment

- Do not subject the product to intense vibration.
- Do not look directly at the transmitting laser through a magnifying device (such as a microscope and magnifying glass).
- Do not look directly at the transmitting laser through an electronic device.
- Do not place this product near flammable and explosive materials.
- Do not expose this product to areas with explosive air, such as areas with a high concentration of flammable chemicals or saturated vapor.
- Do not expose this product to an environment with high-density industrial chemicals, such as easily vaporized liquefied gas (e.g., helium), to avoid performance degradation.

Radio frequency interference

Before the operation, please read the product label's certification and safety information. Although the product's design, testing, and manufacturing comply with the relevant provisions of RF energy radiation, the radiation from the product may still lead to the failure of other electronic equipment.

Medical device interference

Some components and radio devices contained in this product will emit electromagnetic fields that may interfere with medical equipment, such as cochlear implants, pacemakers, and defibrillators. Consult your doctor and medical equipment manufacturer for specific information, e.g., whether you need to keep a

safe distance from this product. If there's any possibility that this product is interfering with your medical equipment, please stop using it immediately.

1 Product Description

1.1 Product Introduction

Robin E1X (hereinafter referred to as "Robin" or "LiDAR") is an automotive-grade LiDAR system developed by Seyond. It boasts a maximum detection range of **300 meters**, delivering a **120°(H) × 20°(V)** field of view while outputting point clouds with an image-level resolution of **0.1°(H) × 0.2°(V)** across the entire field. Designed with a platform-based approach, Robin E1X significantly simplifies its core optical scanning structure, greatly enhancing the consistency of its point clouds. The device features a slim and lightweight body, low power consumption, and high manufacturability, ensuring stable and reliable performance. It finds broad application in automotive systems (AD/ADAS), construction machinery, low-speed logistics, robotics, intelligent transportation systems, and smart infrastructure.

Product Features

- **Automotive-grade design:** Utilizes automotive-grade long-range LiDAR technology, with mass production ensured by fully automotive-standard production lines.
- **Modular design:** Compact, low-power, and lightweight, suitable for diverse application environments.
- **Powerful performance:** Combines ultra-wide angles and high precision with a detection range of up to **300 meters**, meeting the demands of complex scenarios.
- **Safe and reliable:** Complies with international Class 1 eye safety standards (IEC-60825).

1.2 Principles of Operation

Robin E1X is a semi-solid-state LiDAR with a laser light source wavelength of 940 nm.

Distance is calculated based on the time-of-flight (ToF) methodology.

1. The LiDAR emits a light pulse of short duration and narrow divergence.
2. Upon hitting an object, the emitted light will undergo scattered reflection.
3. Some of the reflected light will return to the unit and be detected by the LiDAR's optical sensor.
4. The object's distance is calculated by measuring the time between the emission of the light pulse and the detection of the reflected light. The object's location is known since the angular direction of the emitted light pulse is known.
5. The LiDAR emits light pulses in multiple directions sequentially, thereby constructing a 3-dimensional map of the system's surroundings.

The distance is expressed as:

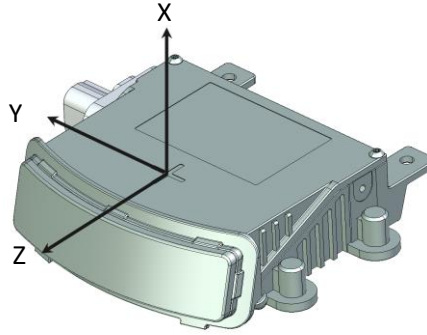
$$d = \frac{ct}{2}$$

d: distance c: speed of flight t: flight time of the laser pulse

1.3 LiDAR coordinate system

The three-dimensional coordinate system is defined as follows.

- X-axis is perpendicular to the ground, pointing up.
- Y-axis is parallel to the ground, pointing right.
- Z-axis is parallel to the ground, pointing forward.
- The origin in this coordinate is the optical origin and can be used for calibration reference.

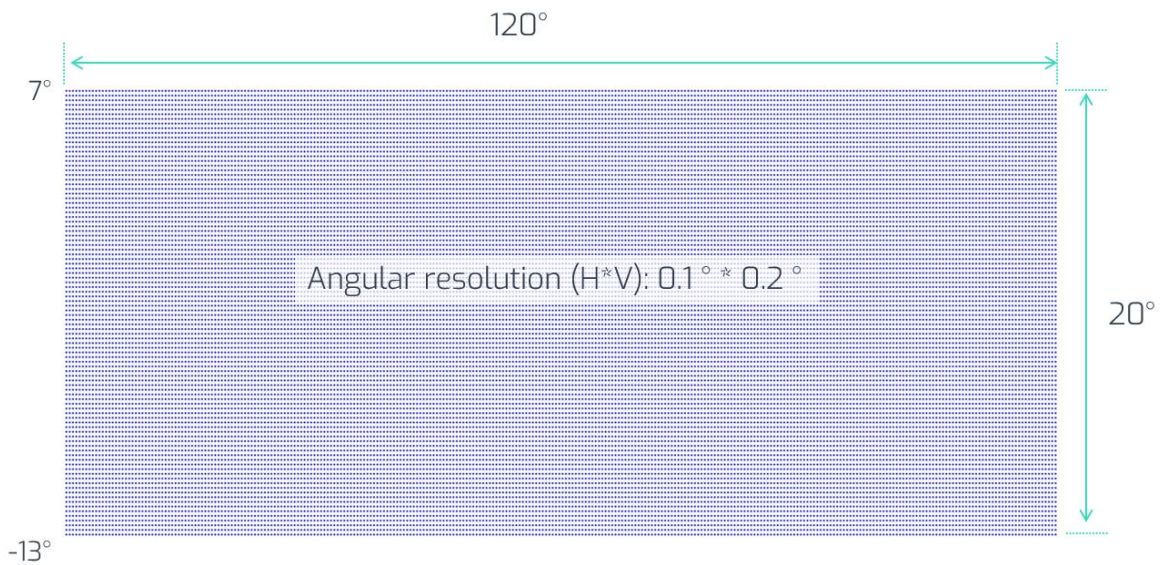


1.4 Scanning pattern

Robin E1X employs signal axis scanning.

The Field of View (FOV) is the angular extent of the region observable by the LiDAR. The FOV of Robin E1X is $120^{\circ} \times 20^{\circ}$ (H x V). Angular resolution is $0.1^{\circ} \times 0.2^{\circ}$ (H x V).

An example of the LiDAR scanning pattern is shown in the figure below.



1.5 Specifications

Table 1 Specification

OPTICAL PERFORMANCE	
Detection Range	1-300 m

Detection Range (10% Lambertian reflectivity @ 10 Hz)	200 m
Detection Range Precision	3 cm @1 σ
Detection Range Accuracy	\pm 5 cm
FOV (H \times V)	120° \times 20°
Resolution (H \times V)	1200 \times 96
Angular Resolution (H \times V)	0.1° \times 0.2°
Angular Accuracy	\pm 0.1°
Frame Rate*	10 FPS configurable
# of Returns	Up to 2 returns
LASER	
Laser Safety Class	Class 1 (IEC 60825-1)
Laser Wavelength	940 nm
MECHANICAL /ELECTRICAL	
Power Consumption	6 W (nominal)
Operating Voltage	9 to 16 V DC
Operating Current	0.5 A@12 V
Connector	Ethernet: H-MTD Interface (USCAR: 777-S-002-1-Z01) 4PIN: TE Micro Quadlok system Interface (114-18063-124)
Weight	470 g
Dimensions (H \times W \times D)	30 mm \times 106 mm \times 101 mm
OPERATIONAL	
Operating Temperature	-40 °C to + 85 °C
Storage Temperature	-40 °C to + 105 °C
Ingress Protection	IP67(body), IP69K(window)
Shock	IEC 60068-2-27
Vibration	IEC 60068-2-64
LIDAR OUTPUT	
Data transmission	1000Base-T1 Ethernet, compatible with 100Base-T1 (UDP, TCP)
Data Output	radius, azimuth, reflectivity, timestamp
Points Per Second	1,152,000 Points/sec (single return@10Hz)
CONTROL INTERFACE	
Communication Interface	TCP and HTTP APIs
Time Synchronization	IEEE1588 (PTP), IEEE 802.1as (gPTP) , NTP
ACCESSORIES	
Optional Wire Harness	5m cable (power & Ethernet)
Optional Converter	MetAdaptor
SOFTWARE	
Available Drivers	Client SDK, ROS/ROS2

Note

1. Specifications are subject to change without notice.
2. If customers need Roibin E1X to support dual return mode , please contact Seyond team to change the 1000Base-T1/100Base-T1 configuration first.

2 Installation

2.1 Installation Precautions

Robin E1X is primarily designed for vehicle-mounted installations. Please note the following precautions during installation:

Personnel Requirements

- Installation must be carried out only by qualified professionals who have received proper training.

Installation

- If any components are damaged or missing during installation, please contact Seyond staff for assistance.
- Ensure that the mounting surface for the LiDAR is flat.
- It is recommended to use an aluminum alloy surface for installation, as it facilitates heat dissipation for the LiDAR.
- Ensure that the LiDAR cables maintain a certain degree of slack.
- Leave at least 8 cm of space at the cable outlet to facilitate wiring.
- Before installation, confirm that the installation position does not obstruct the LiDAR's field of view. The vertical field of view of the LiDAR is -13° to $+7^{\circ}$, and the horizontal field of view is -60° to $+60^{\circ}$.

Storage

- Store the product in a ventilated and dry location. The recommended storage temperature is -40°C to $+105^{\circ}\text{C}$, with humidity below 85%.
- Without official approval from our company, do not continuously submerge the product in water under harsh conditions to avoid harmful effects (prevent exposure to environments exceeding the protection level).

Transportation

- The equipment should be packed in a box with cushioning materials inside to prevent damage during transportation.
- Handle the equipment with care during transportation. Avoid impacts to prevent damage to the internal optical components or misalignment.
- Consider using transport tools or assistants as needed. Plan for space and placement during transportation, and minimize the transportation distance as much as possible.
- Do not place the equipment in unstable positions or carry it in improper postures to prevent damage to the equipment or personal injury.

Disposal of Packaging Materials



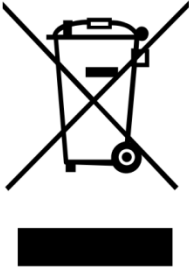
- Packaging materials are recyclable. Please dispose of them properly.
- Keep packaging bags, cartons, or plastic films out of the reach of infants and young children to prevent injury or suffocation.

Disposal of Equipment

In accordance with the relevant provisions of the **Regulations on the Recycling and Treatment of Waste Electrical and Electronic Products** and environmental protection requirements, the disposal of the product

will be carried out as follows:

- Recycle the product based on the **List of Hazardous Substances and Their Contents in the Product**. For details, refer to the list of hazardous substances in the product.
- The product must be handled by companies qualified for the treatment of waste electrical and electronic products.



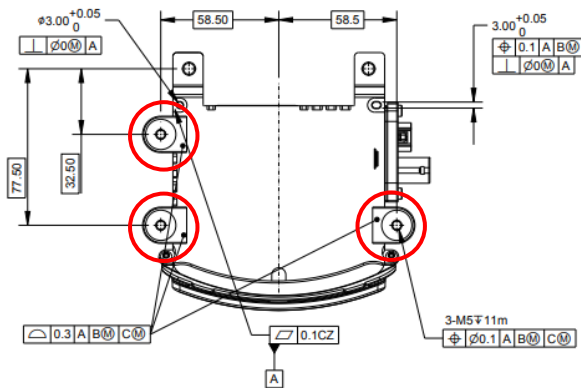
2.2 Installation Instructions

2.2.1 Power Supply Instructions

The Robin E1X LiDAR operates within a power supply voltage range of **9 ~ 16V DC**, with a recommended standard voltage of **12V DC**. Under normal working conditions at room temperature, the LiDAR has a power consumption of approximately **6W**.

2.2.2 Installation and Fixation

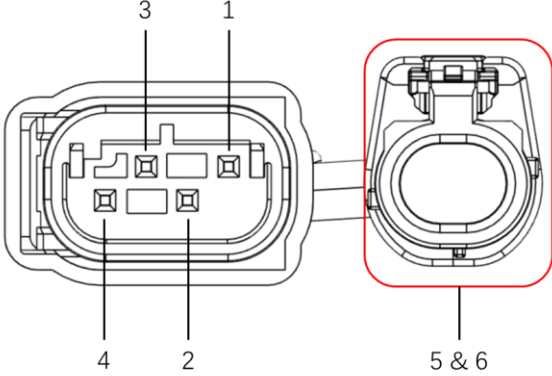
Use **3 M5 x 10mm screws** to secure the LiDAR onto a metal bracket or rigid structural component.



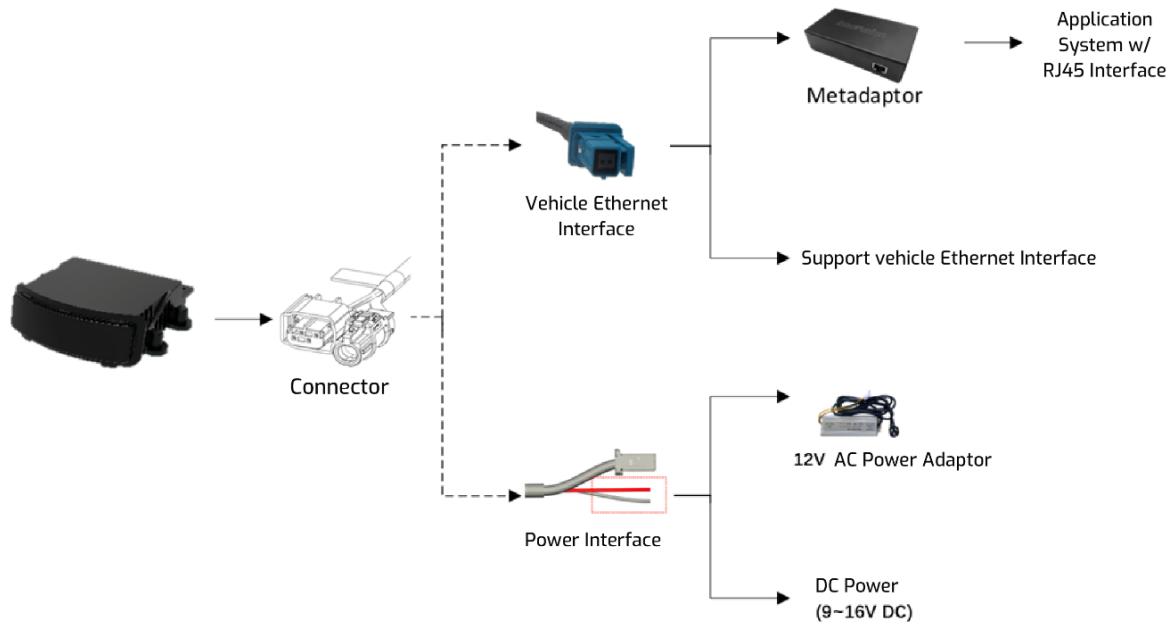
network via an RJ45 interface, a media converter must be used to switch the 1000Base-T1 interface to an RJ45 interface.



Table 2 Interface description of connector

NO.	Name	Description
1	LiDAR Interface	<p>The part connected to the LiDAR consists of two connectors, with the pin definitions specified as follows:</p>  <p>[1]: Power supply+ [2]: Power supply- [3]: Empty pin [4]: Empty pin [5] &[6]: Inside red box, 1000 Base-T1 Ethernet</p>
2	Power supply	The reserved cable includes a red wire as the positive terminal and a black wire as the negative terminal .
3	Vehicle Ethernet	[D1]: Ethernet sender [D2]: Ethernet receiver

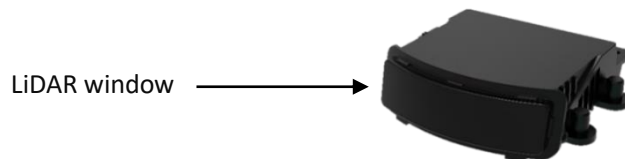
2.3.2 Cable Connect



2.4 Cleaning

For optimal performance of LiDAR, please keep the front window of the sensor clean and free of dirt, bugs, and other debris. The steps to clean the optical window are as follows.

1. Prepare a clean microfiber cloth, soak it in the ethyl alcohol, and wring it out.
2. Loosen the debris from the LiDAR window with the clean, dust-free wiper for 1 minute. Do not wipe dirt directly off the LiDAR window glass without loosening it sufficiently.



3. Please wait 1 minute, gently wipe the window with the clean microfiber cloth and dry it.
4. Wipe the window with a high-quality paper towel or mirror paper. Do not apply excessive force to avoid damaging the optical coating.

Note

- Please wash your hands or wear PVC powder-free clean gloves before touching the product.
- Do not use solvents since they may damage the window coating.
- Please use a new dust-free wiper to wipe the LiDAR window.

- The LiDAR window is made of special plastic material. Please pay attention to the following items when cleaning: Avoid direct skin contact with the optical window. Do not use corrosive cleaners and solvents. Do not use paper towels to clean the window to avoid scratches.

Software operation

2.5 Operate in ROS1 environment

The operations in this chapter are based on Ubuntu 18.04. The version of ROS is melodic.

2.5.1 Start the LiDAR

- 1) Connect the power supply to start the LiDAR.
- 2) The LiDAR completes initialization and generates data after powering on for 7 to 8 seconds.

Note

The LiDAR does not have a power switch. It will become operational when power is applied.

2.5.2 Obtain point cloud data

Note

- The ROS driver needs to be restarted after the LiDAR is shut down or the software is restarted.
- For the installation method of ROS, please refer to <http://wiki.ros.org/>.

- 1) Connect the computer to the LiDAR.
- 2) Change the computer IP address to the same subnet with the LiDAR.

Note

- The default LiDAR IP address is 172.168.1.10.
- It is recommended to check the access to the LiDAR IP address via the ping command. The return value is shown in the figure below.

```
demo@demo-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop-16-b0xxx:~$ ping 172.168.1.10
PING 172.168.1.10 (172.168.1.10) 56(84) bytes of data:
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=70 ttl=64 time=0.448 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=71 ttl=64 time=0.222 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=72 ttl=64 time=0.200 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=73 ttl=64 time=0.208 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=74 ttl=64 time=0.200 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=75 ttl=64 time=0.219 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=76 ttl=64 time=0.255 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=77 ttl=64 time=0.212 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=78 ttl=64 time=0.206 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=79 ttl=64 time=0.170 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=80 ttl=64 time=0.207 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=81 ttl=64 time=0.207 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=82 ttl=64 time=0.145 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=83 ttl=64 time=0.168 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=84 ttl=64 time=0.316 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=85 ttl=64 time=0.192 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=86 ttl=64 time=0.309 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=87 ttl=64 time=0.295 ms
^C
--- 172.168.1.10 ping statistics ---
87 packets transmitted, 18 received, 79% packet loss, time 88040ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.145/0.232/0.448/0.069 ms
demo@demo-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop-16-b0xxx:~$
```

- 3) View the system information and obtain the corresponding driver. Copy the driver to the root directory of the system. Execute the following command to install the driver.

```
sudo dpkg -i <package.deb>
```

Note

package.deb is the driver's name of the LiDAR. Obtain the latest driver version based on the actual conditions.

Table 3 Available system

System Version	CPU
Ubuntu 18.04	ARM
	X86
Ubuntu 20.04	ARM
	X86

4) Start ROS. The return value is shown in the figure below.

```
roscore
demo@demo-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop-16-b0xxx:~$ roscore
... logging to /home/demo/.ros/log/a09b36de-9f71-11ec-874a-c85acfaa1d16/roslaunch-demo-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop-16-b0xxx-9812.log
Checking log directory for disk usage. This may take a while.
Press Ctrl-C to interrupt
Done checking log file disk usage. Usage is <1GB.

started roslaunch server http://demo-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop-16-b0xxx:42677/
ros_comm version 1.14.12

SUMMARY
=====
PARAMETERS
* /roscore: melodic
* /rosversion: 1.14.12
NODES
auto-starting new master
process[master]: started with pid [9822]
ROS_MASTER_URI=http://demo-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop-16-b0xxx:11311/

setting /run_id to a09b36de-9f71-11ec-874a-c85acfaa1d16
process[rosout-1]: started with pid [9833]
started core service [/rosout]
```

5) Obtain the point cloud data via the UDP port. The return value is shown in the figure below.

```
source /opt/ros/melodic/setup.bash
roslaunch innovusion_pointcloud innovusion_points.launch device_ip:= <device_ip> udp_port:=
<UDP_port> processed:= <Processed_number>
```

Note

- The default value of device_ip is 172.168.1.10. By default, the UDP port number is 8010.
- The value of processed_number can be 0 or 1. When the process_number is set to 1, the point cloud data is obtained from the ROS client. When the process_number is set to 0, the point cloud data is obtained from the external PCS.

```
[ INFO] [1683612957.197820085]: 8942 mem_pool_manager.cpp:40 MemPoolManager [DeliverMessageJobPool] 0x7efdb83c2ca0 created pool=0x7efdb8891960, unit_size=65632, unit_count=50, allocator=DefaultMemAllocator
[ INFO] [1683612957.197831095]: 8942 mem_allocator.cpp:313 DefaultMemAllocator calloc start
[ INFO] [1683612957.197842536]: 8942 mem_pool_manager.cpp:40 MemPoolManager [DeliverStatusJobPool] 0x7efdb83c47e0 created pool=0x7efdb83c2da0, unit_size=608, unit_count=10, allocator=DefaultMemAllocator
[ INFO] [1683612957.197863371]: 8942 mem_allocator.cpp:313 DefaultMemAllocator calloc start
[ INFO] [1683612957.19786594]: 8942 mem_pool_manager.cpp:40 MemPoolManager [Deliver2JobPool] 0x7efdb8414f80 created pool=0x7efdb83c4900, unit_size=8032, unit_count=40, allocator=DefaultMemAllocator
[ INFO] [1683612957.198506714]: [ INFO] level=6, code=9, message=innovusion_nodelet_manager started
[ INFO] [1683612957.198553878]: 8946 Inno_thread.cpp:74 thread frame-sync starts. pid=8946 target_priority=80
[ WARN] [1683612957.198601451]: 8946 utils.cpp:79 strerror: 'Operation not permitted' setschedparam(80)
[ INFO] [1683612957.198637616]: 8948 consumer_producer.cpp:196 thread deliver2 starts. pid=8948 target_priority=2
[ WARN] [1683612957.198664855]: 8948 utils.cpp:79 strerror: 'Operation not permitted' setschedparam(2)
[ INFO] [1683612957.198670907]: 8942 lidar.cpp:2213 innovusion_nodelet_manager started
[ INFO] [1683612957.198678769]: 8942 ../sdk_common/lidar_base.h:255 message_callback: name=innovusion_nodelet_manager level=6, code=9, message=innovusion_nodelet_manager started
[ INFO] [1683612957.198693545]: 8947 Inno_thread.cpp:74 thread status starts. pid=8947 target_priority=41
[ WARN] [1683612957.198699501]: 8947 utils.cpp:79 strerror: 'Operation not permitted' setschedparam(41)
[ INFO] [1683612957.198706525]: 8950 consumer_producer.cpp:196 thread read starts. pid=8950 target_priority=40
[ WARN] [1683612957.198714097]: 8950 utils.cpp:79 strerror: 'Operation not permitted' setschedparam(40)
[ INFO] [1683612957.198720613]: 8949 consumer_producer.cpp:196 thread robin starts. pid=8949 target_priority=35
[ WARN] [1683612957.198728499]: 8949 utils.cpp:79 strerror: 'Operation not permitted' setschedparam(35)
[ INFO] [1683612957.198736692]: 8947 status_report.cpp:112 Will send status message every50ms.
[ INFO] [1683612957.199053520]: 8950 stage_read.cpp:500 innovusion_nodelet_manager send stop command
[ INFO] [1683612957.199078930]: 8950 lidar.cpp:2532 before_read_start
[ INFO] [1683612957.218710309]: 8950 params.cpp:244 Use YAML file init=1
[ INFO] [1683612957.218788922]: 8950 params.cpp:245 YAML file content:
alpha:
- 0
```

2.5.3 View LiDAR point cloud data

Note

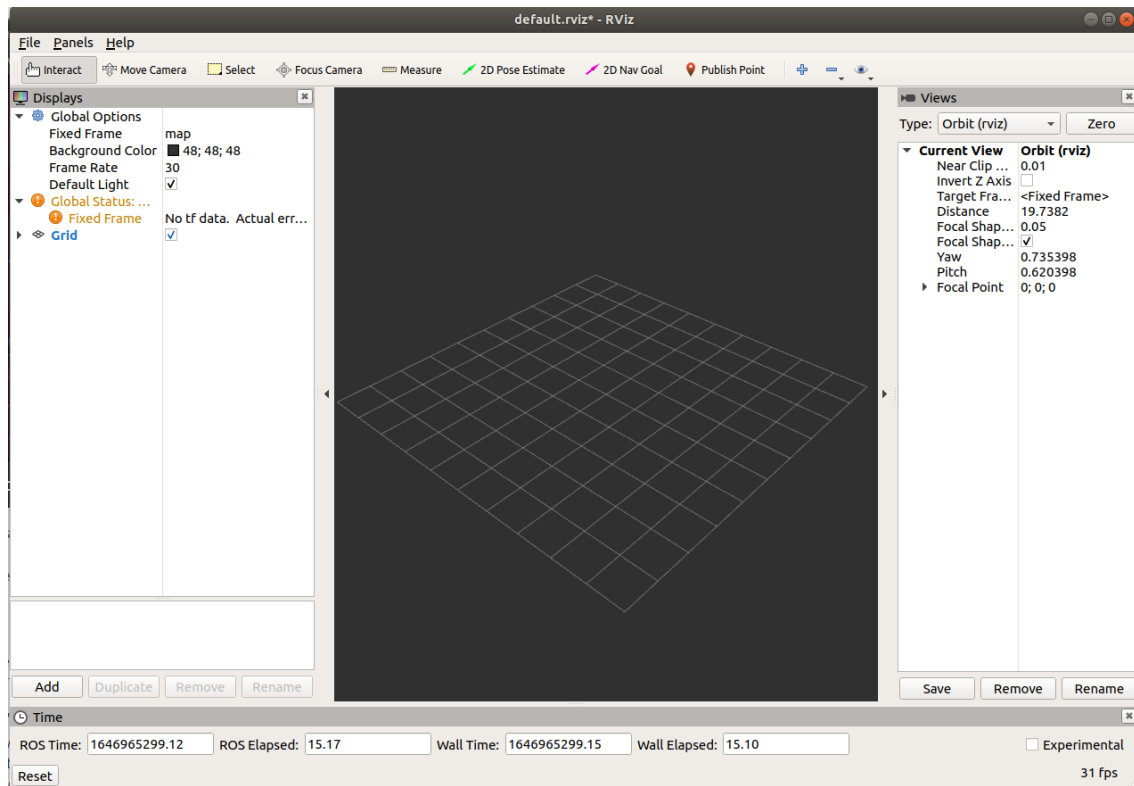
Before viewing the point cloud data, please confirm that the point cloud data has been obtained.

1) Start the graphical tool **rviz**. The return value and **rviz** interface are shown below.

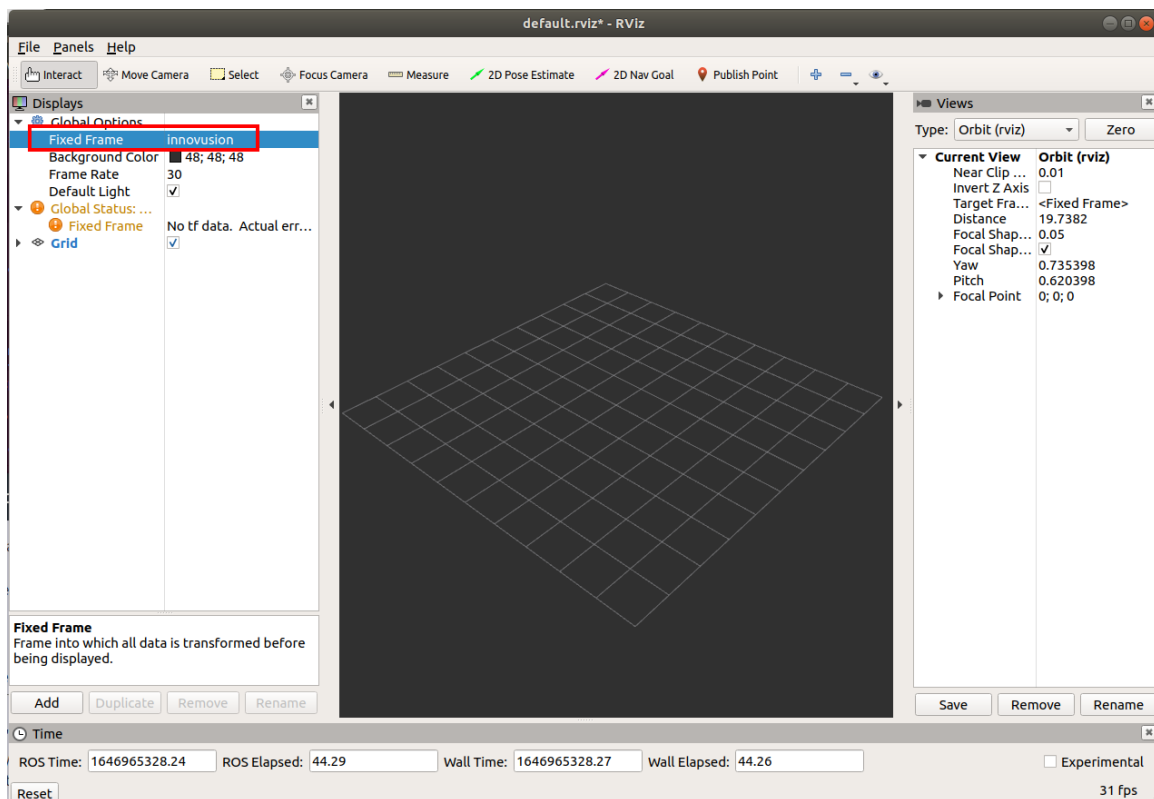
rviz

```
demo@demo-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop-16-b0xxx:~$ rviz
[ INFO] [1683623488.155039559]: rviz version 1.13.29
[ INFO] [1683623488.155083418]: compiled against Qt version 5.9.5
[ INFO] [1683623488.155088595]: compiled against OGRE version 1.9.0 (Ghadamon)
[ INFO] [1683623488.157945269]: Forcing OpenGL version 0.
[ INFO] [1683623488.247322120]: Stereo is NOT SUPPORTED
[ INFO] [1683623488.247384307]: OpenGL device: llvmpipe (LLVM 10.0.0, 256 bits)
[ INFO] [1683623488.247416829]: OpenGL version: 3.1 (GLSL 1.4).
QObject::connect: Cannot queue arguments of type 'QVector<int>'
(Make sure 'QVector<int>' is registered using qRegisterMetaType().)
QObject::connect: Cannot queue arguments of type 'QVector<int>'
(Make sure 'QVector<int>' is registered using qRegisterMetaType().)

```

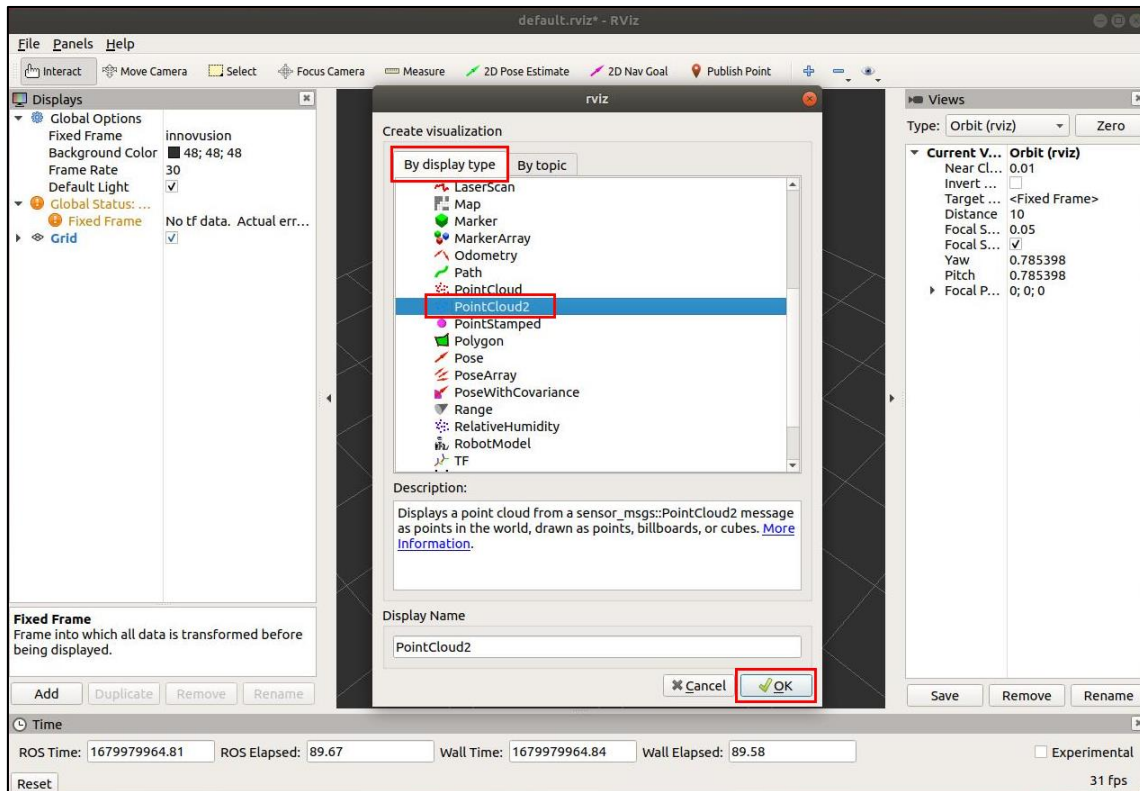


2) Select Global Options > Fixed Frames. Set the Fixed Frames value to innovusion.

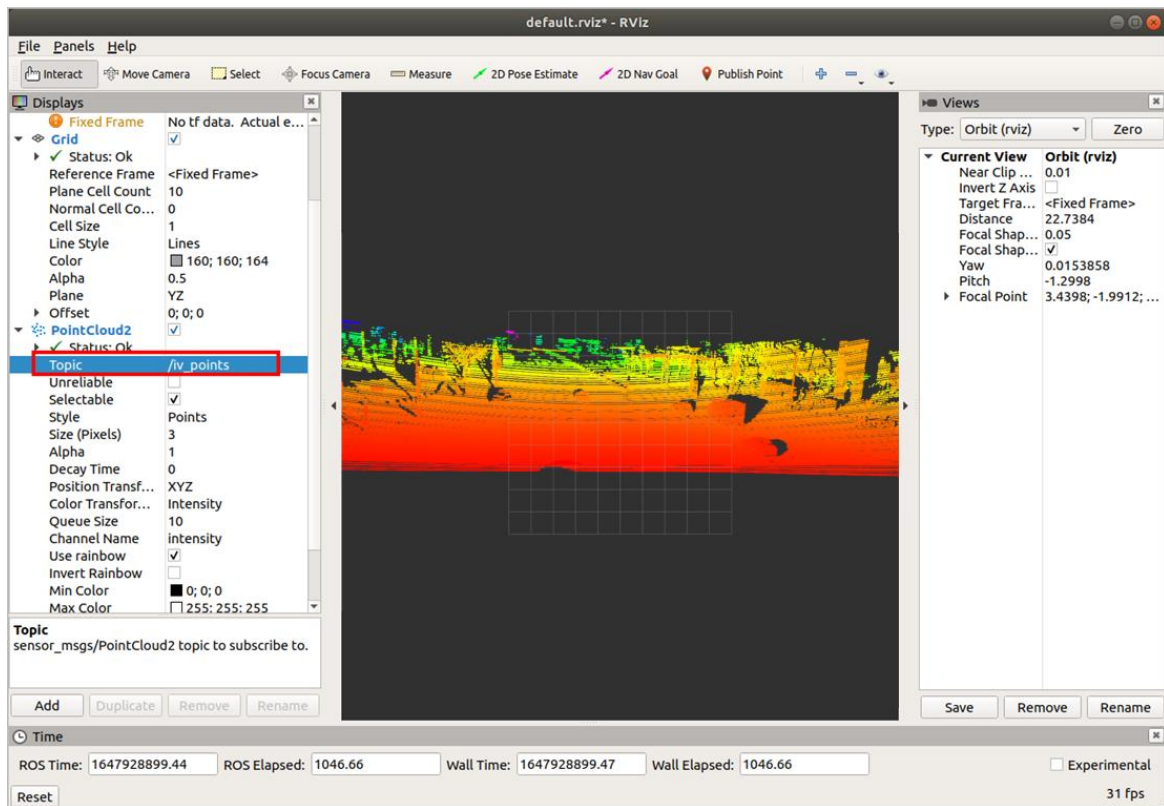


3) Add and Adjust PointCloud2.

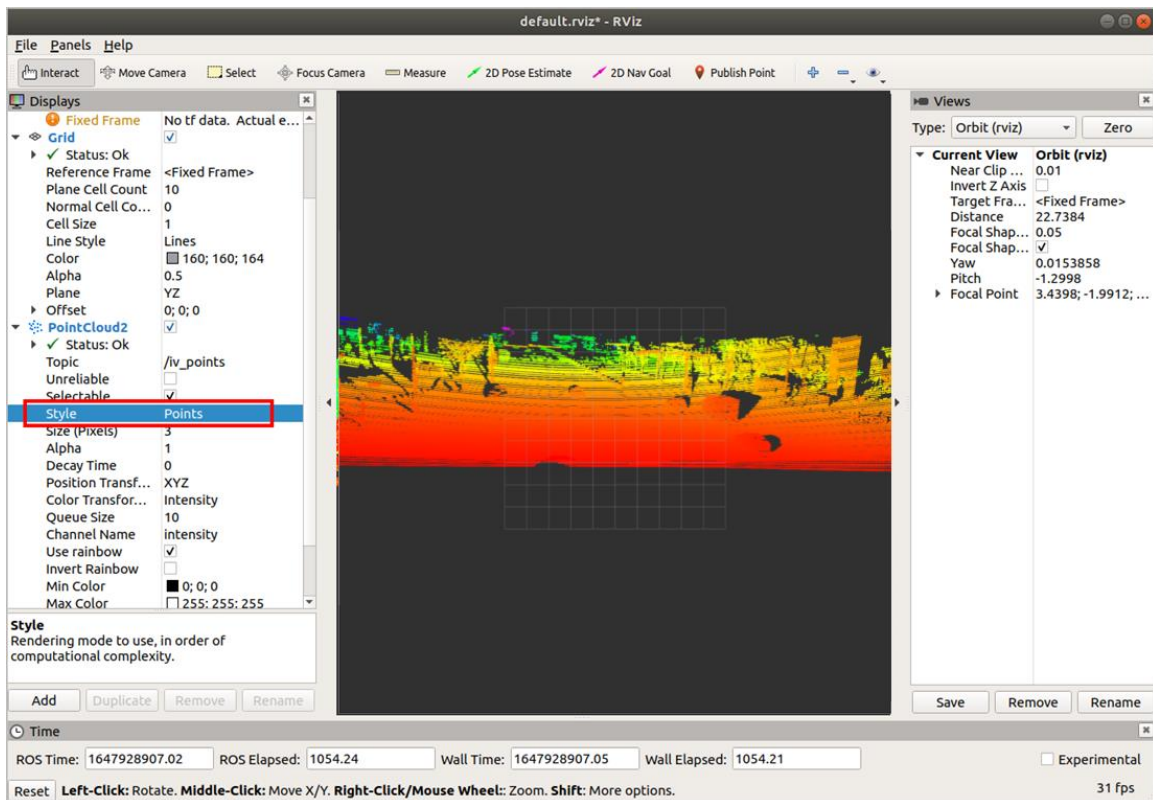
- Add PointCloud2 to Displays.
 - a. Click Add.
 - b. Select By display type > PointCloud2.
 - c. Click OK.



- Select PointCloud2 > Topic. Set the Topic value to /iv_points.

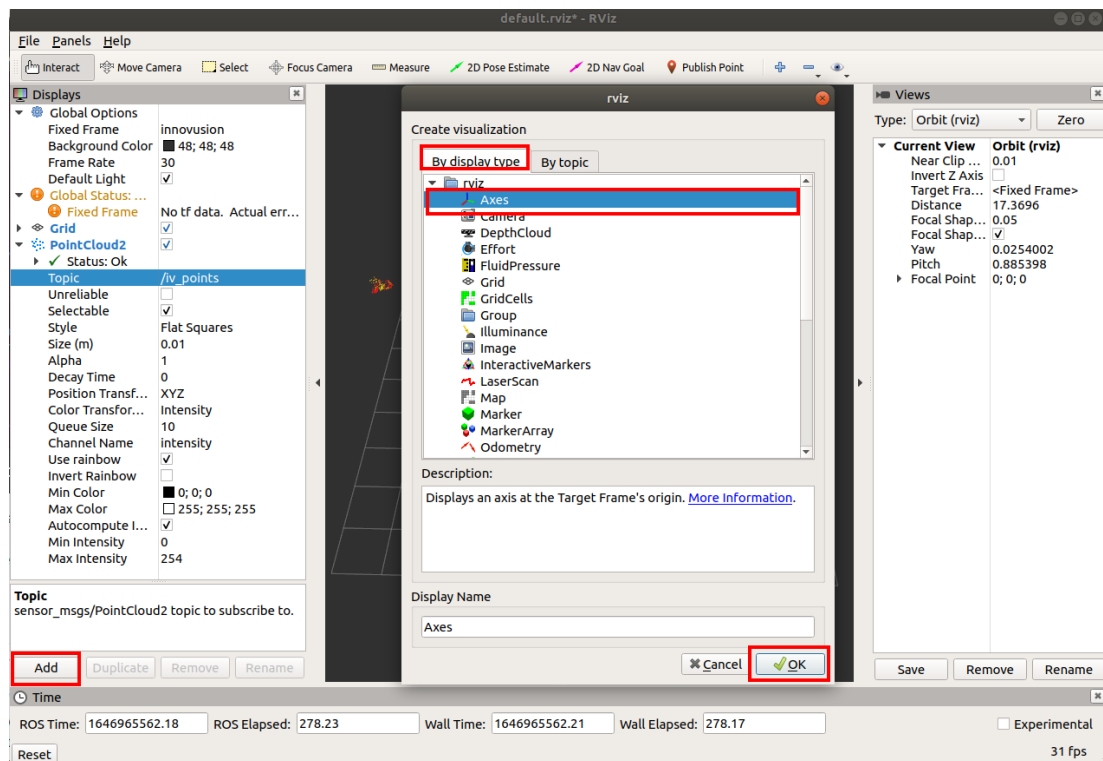


- Select PointCloud2 > Style. Set the Style value to Points.

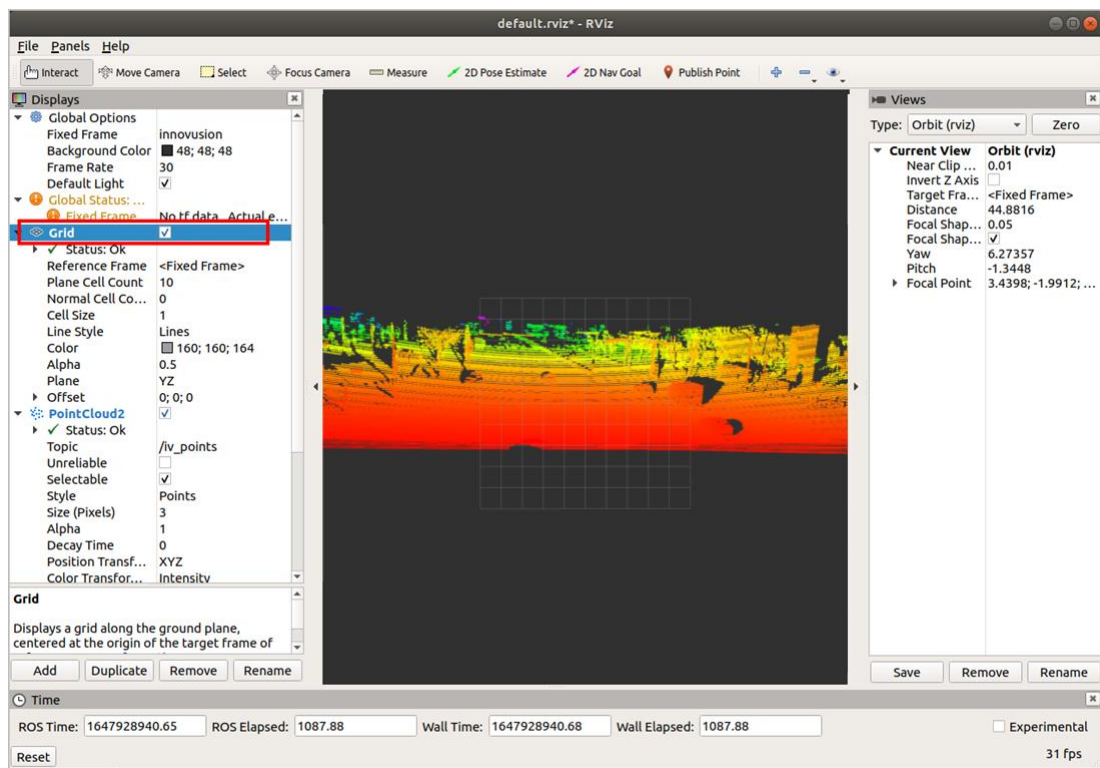


4) (Optional) It is possible to change the angle and distance of the real-time point cloud status to get more information as needed.

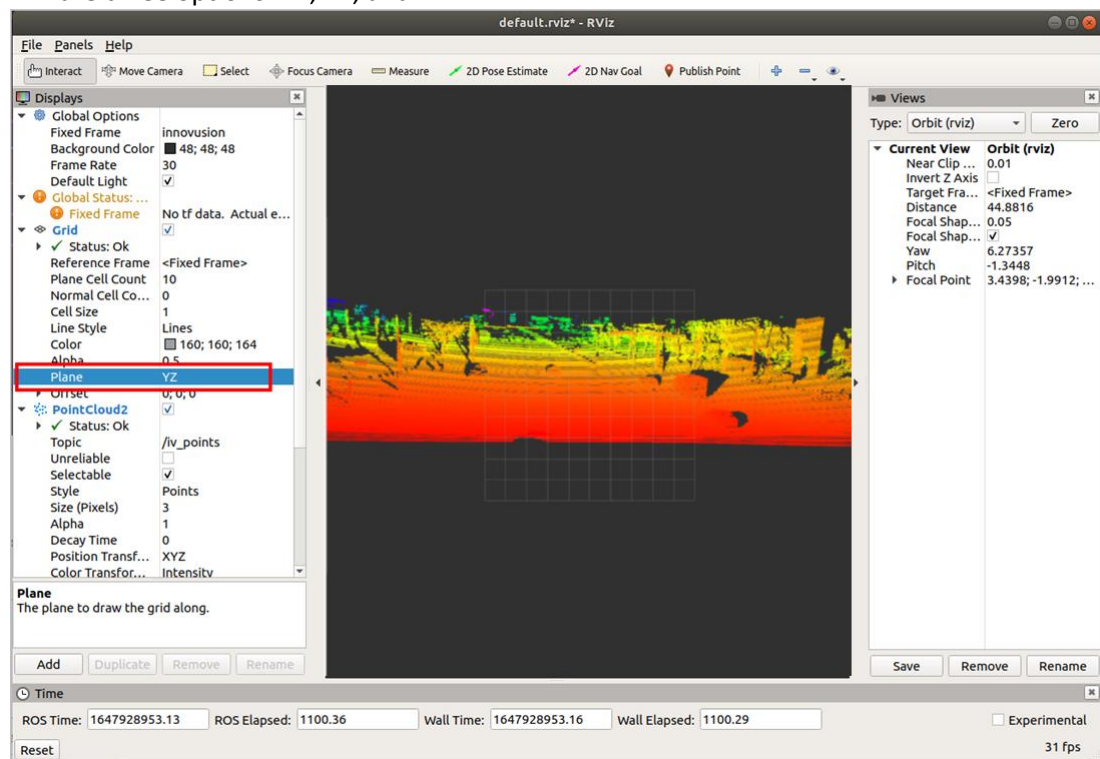
- Select Axes to add the coordinate system to the diagram as a reference.
 - a. Select Add > By display type > Axes.
 - b. Click OK.
 - c. Select Axes.



- Select Grid to add the grid to the diagram as a reference. Grid is enabled by default when rviz is started.



- Set the plane value to view the point cloud status under different coordinate systems. There are three options: XY, XZ, and YZ.



2.5.4 Record LiDAR point cloud data

ROS can be used to record the point cloud data of the LiDAR in bag format.

Note

Before recording the point cloud data of the LiDAR, please confirm that the point cloud data has been obtained correctly in ROS. For information on how to get the point cloud data, see [2.5.2 Obtain point cloud data](#).

1) Record point cloud data in bag format. Recording starts at the execution time.

`roslaunch innovusion_driver innovusion_driver.launch` //Start to record the point cloud data in bag format. The file is saved in the current path and the file name is "inno-Year-Mon-Day-Hr-Min.bag"

```
demo@demo-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop-16-b0xxx:~$ rosbag record /iv_points -o inno
[ INFO] [1646810706.460522054]: Subscribing to /iv_points
[ INFO] [1646810706.463553818]: Recording to 'inno_2022-03-09-15-25-06.bag'.
```

2) Press Ctrl+C to stop recording point cloud data.

3) (Optional) Execute `ls -a` command to check the directory of recorded point cloud data.

```
demo@demo-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop-16-b0xxx:~$ ls -a
.          .ICEauthority
..         inno_2023-05-09-17-16-46.bag
.bash_history  linuxptp-3.1
.bash_logout  .local
.bashrc       .mozilla
.cache        .pki
.config       .profile
.dbus         .ros
examples.desktop  ros-melodic-innovusion-driver-release-2.9.0-fk-rc7-a-public.deb
FK_whitewall.bag  ros-melodic-innovusion-driver-release-robinw-rc24-public.deb
.gnupg        .rviz
.gvfs         .sudo_as_admin_successful
demo@demo-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop-16-b0xxx:~$
```

2.5.5 Replay LiDAR point cloud data

Replay the point cloud data in bag format in ROS environment.

Note

Before replaying LiDAR point cloud data, please confirm that the recorded point cloud data file has been obtained.

1) Run ROS. The return value is shown in the figure.

```
roslaunch innovusion_driver innovusion_driver.launch
```

```
demo@demo-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop-16-b0xxx:~$ roscore
... logging to /home/demo/.ros/log/a09b36de-9f71-11ec-874a-c85acfaa1d16/roslaunch-demo-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop-16-b0xxx-9812.log
Checking log directory for disk usage. This may take a while.
Press Ctrl-C to interrupt
Done checking log file disk usage. Usage is <1GB.

started roslaunch server http://demo-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop-16-b0xxx:42677/
ros_comm version 1.14.12

SUMMARY
=====

PARAMETERS
* /roscdistro: melodic
* /rosversion: 1.14.12

NODES

auto-starting new master
process[roscdistro]: started with pid [9822]
ROS_MASTER_URI=http://demo-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop-16-b0xxx:11311/

setting /run_id to a09b36de-9f71-11ec-874a-c85acfaa1d16
process[roscdistro-1]: started with pid [9833]
started core service [/roscdistro]
```

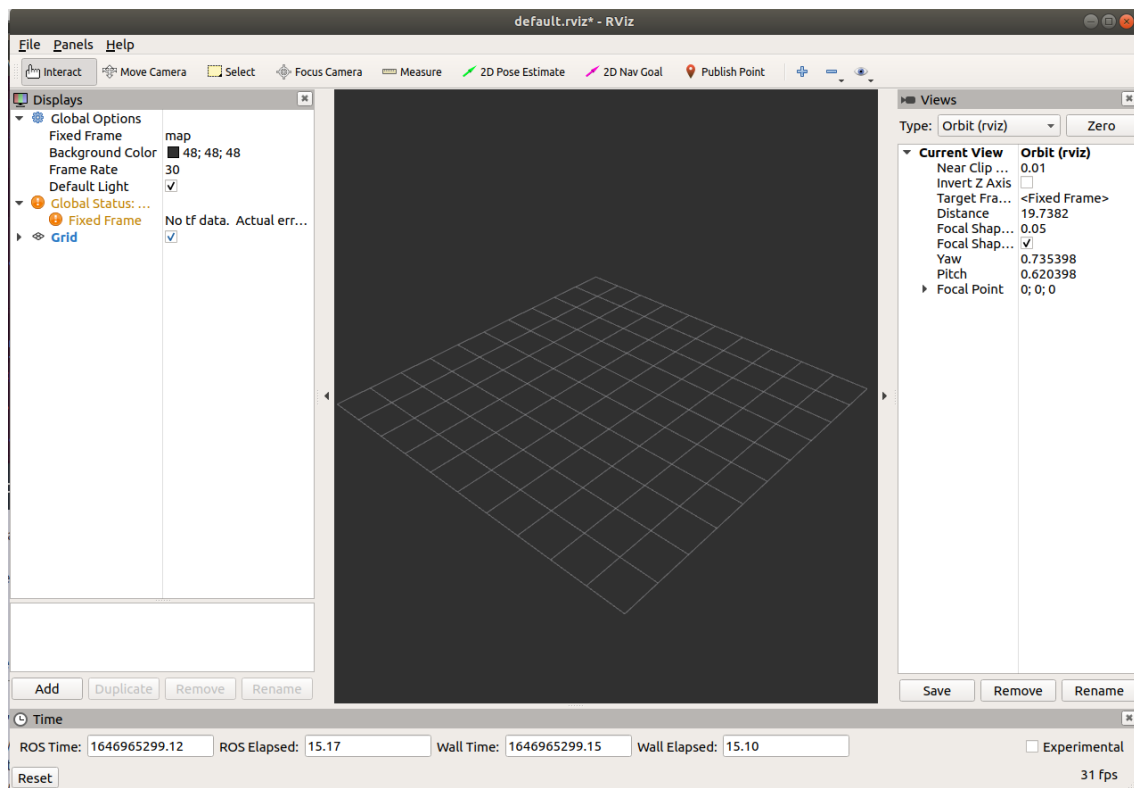
2) Start the graphical tool **rviz**. The return value and **rviz** interface are shown below.

rviz

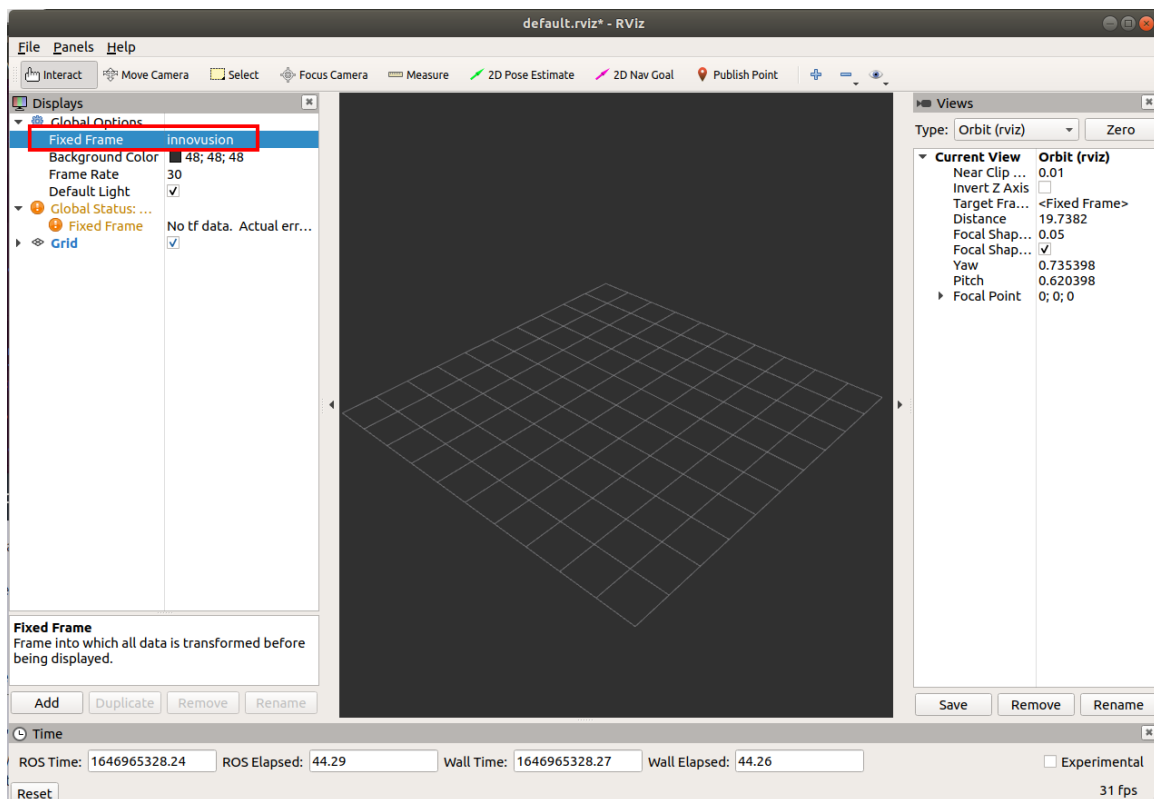
```
demo@demo-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop-16-b0xxx:~$ rviz
[ INFO] [1683623488.155039559]: rviz version 1.13.29
[ INFO] [1683623488.155083418]: compiled against Qt version 5.9.5
[ INFO] [1683623488.155088595]: compiled against OGRE version 1.9.0 (Ghadamon)
[ INFO] [1683623488.157945269]: Forcing OpenGL version 0.
[ INFO] [1683623488.247322120]: Stereo is NOT SUPPORTED
[ INFO] [1683623488.247384307]: OpenGL device: llvmpipe (LLVM 10.0.0, 256 bits)
[ INFO] [1683623488.247416829]: OpenGL version: 3.1 (GLSL 1.4).
QObject::connect: Cannot queue arguments of type 'QVector<int>'
(Make sure 'QVector<int>' is registered using qRegisterMetaType().)
QObject::connect: Cannot queue arguments of type 'QVector<int>'
(Make sure 'QVector<int>' is registered using qRegisterMetaType().)
```

3) Replay LiDAR point cloud data in **rviz**.

```
roscdistro play <filename.bag>
```

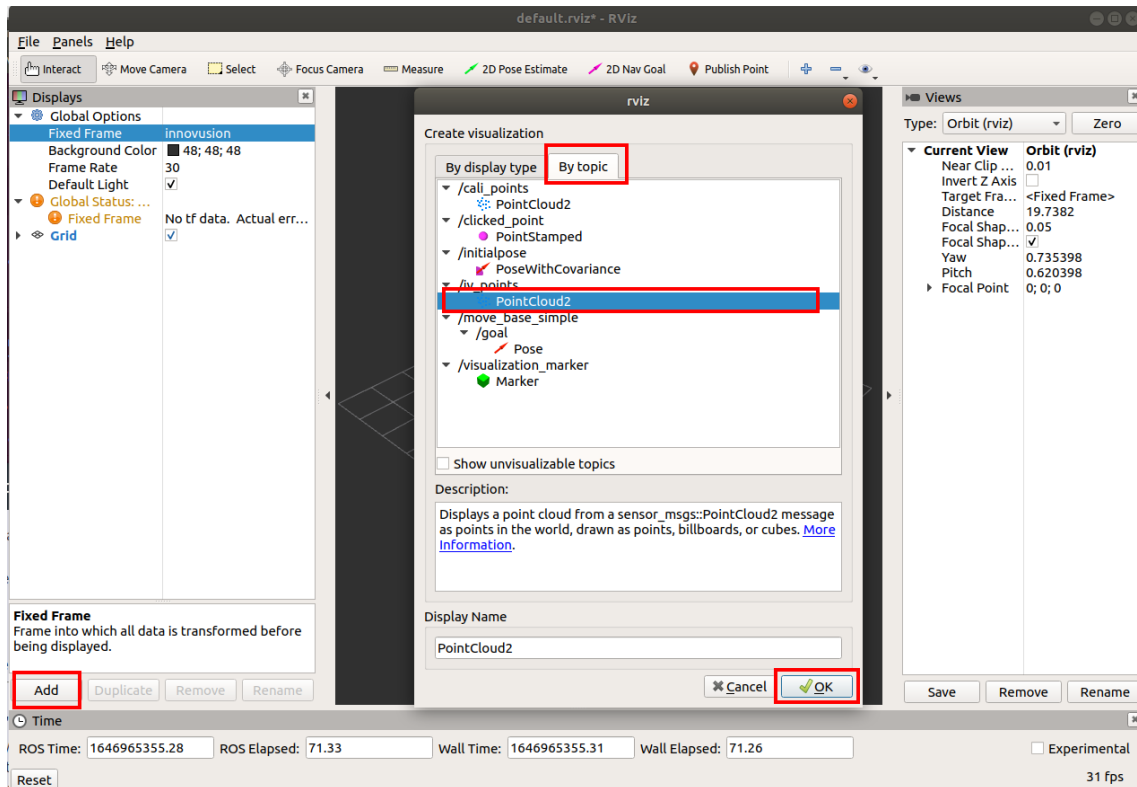


4) Select **Global Options > Fixed Frames**. Set the **Fixed Frames** value to **innovusion**.

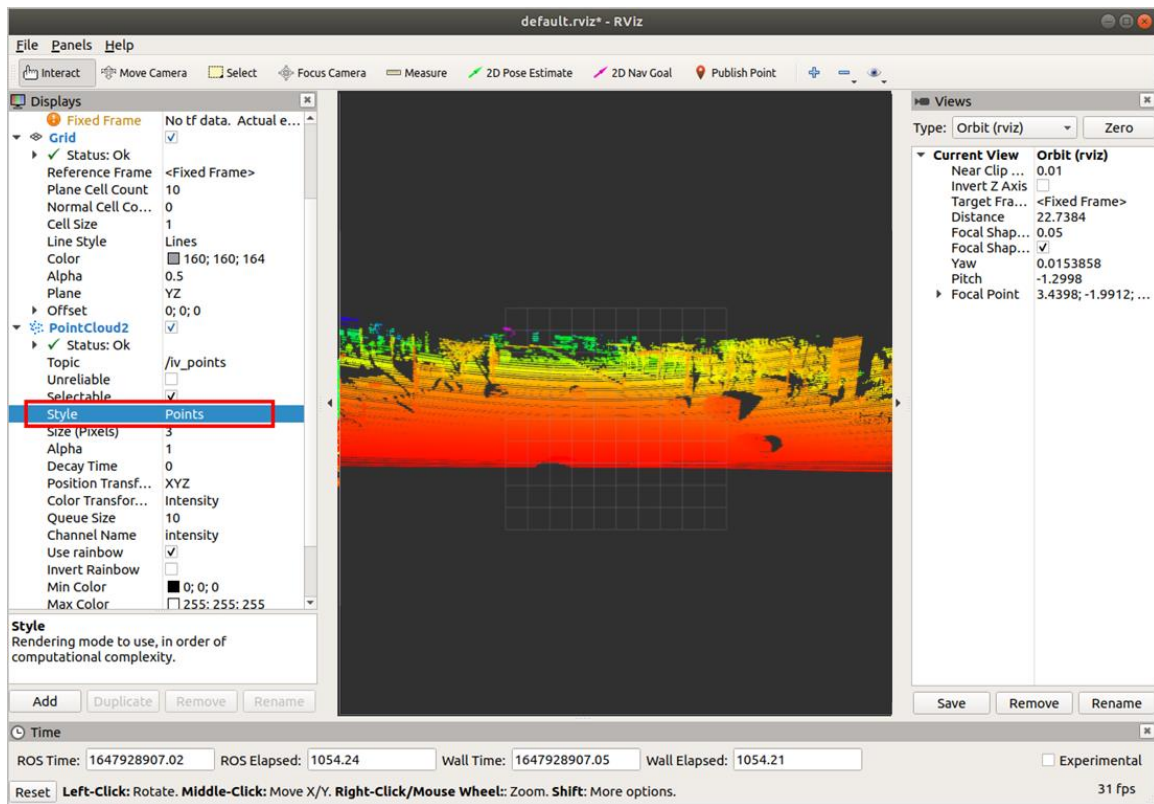


5) Add and configure **PointCloud2**.

- i. Add **PointCloud2** to the Displays.
 - a. Click **Add**.
 - b. Select By topic > iv_points> PointCloud2.
 - c. Click **OK**.

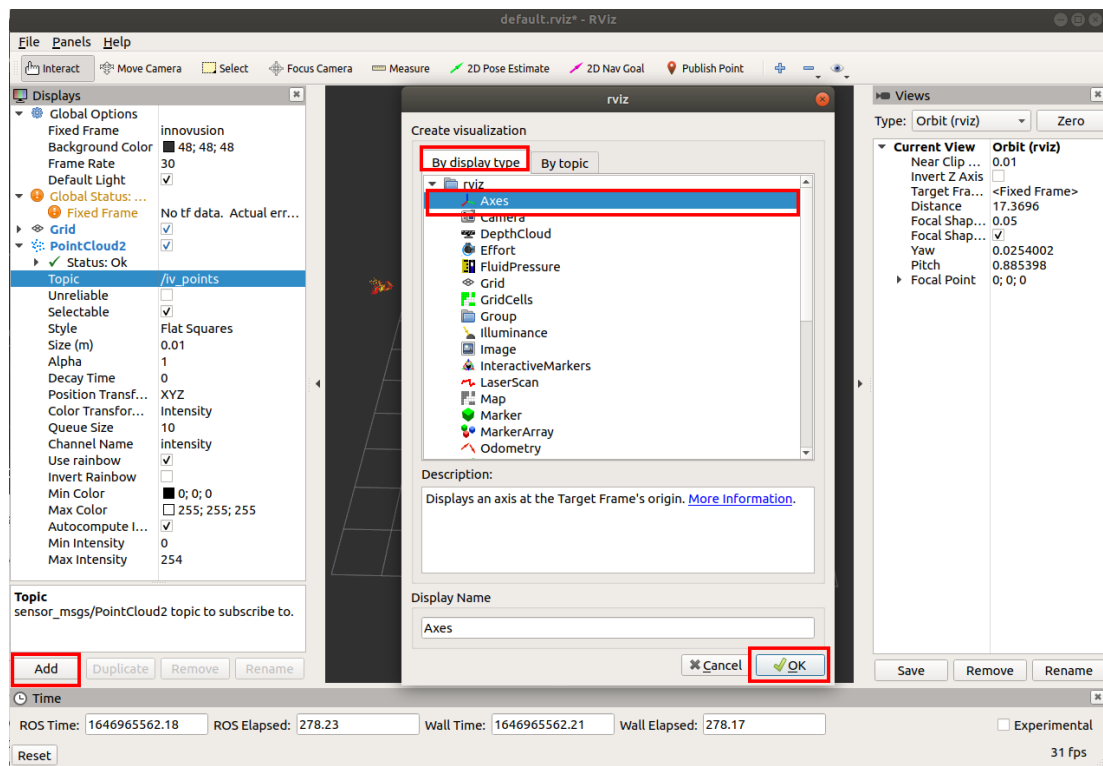


- ii. Select **PointCloud2** > **Style**. Set the **Style** value to **Points**.

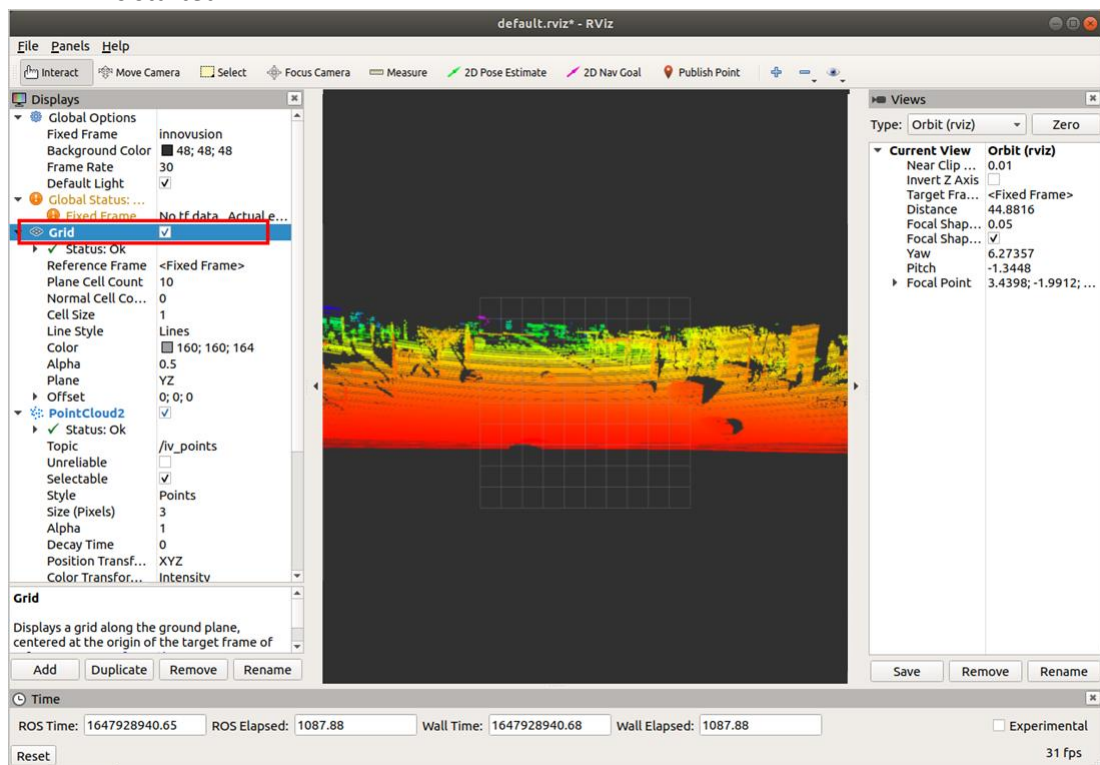


6) (Optional) It is possible to change the angle and distance of the real-time point cloud status to get more information as needed.

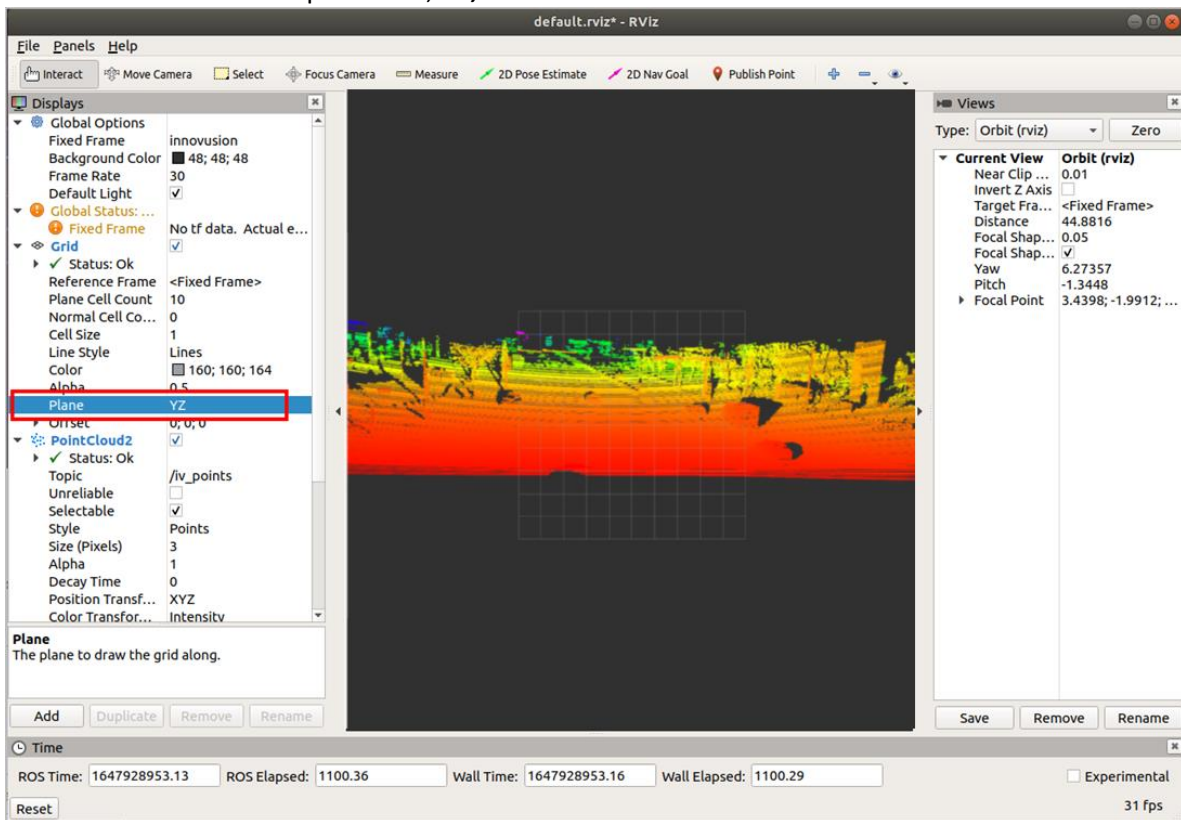
- Select **Axes** to add the coordinate system to the diagram as a reference.
 - a. Select **Add > By display type > Axes**.
 - b. Click **OK**.
 - c. Select **Axes**.



- Select **Grid** to add the grid to the diagram as a reference. Grid is enabled by default when **rviz** is started.



- Set the **plane** value to view the point cloud status under different coordinate systems. There are three options: **XY**, **XZ**, and **YZ**.



- Press **Space** to pause playback of the point cloud data file.

2.5.6 Shut down the LiDAR

Disconnect the power supply to shut down the LiDAR.

2.6 Operate in ROS2 environment

The operations in this chapter are based on Ubuntu 20.04. The version of ROS is foxy.

2.6.1 Start the LiDAR

- Connect the power supply to start the LiDAR.
- The LiDAR completes initialization and generates data after powering on for 7 to 8 seconds.

Note

The LiDAR does not have a power switch. It will become operational when power is applied.

2.6.2 Obtain point cloud data

Note

The ROS driver needs to be restarted after the LiDAR is shut down or the software is restarted.

For the installation method of ROS2, please refer to <https://docs.ros.org>.

- Connect the computer to the LiDAR.

Verify the protocol mode of the lidar for sending data. When the LiDAR sends data using UDP, it should be ensured that the host and LiDAR are on the same network segment.

Note

The default LiDAR IP address is 172.168.1.10.

It is recommended to check the access to the LiDAR IP address via the ping command. The return value is shown in the figure below.

```
demo@demo-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop-16-b0xxx:~$ ping 172.168.1.10
PING 172.168.1.10 (172.168.1.10) 56(84) bytes of data:
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=70 ttl=64 time=0.448 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=71 ttl=64 time=0.222 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=72 ttl=64 time=0.200 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=73 ttl=64 time=0.208 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=74 ttl=64 time=0.200 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=75 ttl=64 time=0.219 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=76 ttl=64 time=0.255 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=77 ttl=64 time=0.212 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=78 ttl=64 time=0.206 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=79 ttl=64 time=0.170 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=80 ttl=64 time=0.207 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=81 ttl=64 time=0.207 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=82 ttl=64 time=0.145 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=83 ttl=64 time=0.168 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=84 ttl=64 time=0.316 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=85 ttl=64 time=0.192 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=86 ttl=64 time=0.309 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=87 ttl=64 time=0.295 ms
^C
--- 172.168.1.10 ping statistics ---
87 packets transmitted, 18 received, 79% packet loss, time 88040ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.145/0.232/0.448/0.069 ms
```

- View the system details and obtain the corresponding driver. Copy the driver to the root directory of the system. Execute the following command to install the driver.

```
sudo dpkg -i <package.deb>
```

Note

package.deb is the driver's name of the LiDAR. Obtain the latest driver version based on the actual conditions.

Table 4 Available system

ROS2 version	System Version	CPU
Foxy, Galactic	Ubuntu 20.04	ARM
		X86
Humble	Ubuntu 22.04	ARM
		X86

- It is possible to obtain the point cloud data of the LiDAR via either TCP or UDP.

Note

If the point cloud data was not obtained correctly, try to execute the following command and re-run the obtain command.

```
source /opt/ros/foxy/setup.bash
```

- Obtain the point cloud data via TCP.

■ Method 1

```
ros2 launch innovusion ivu_pc2.py device_ip:=<device_ip> lidar_port:=<TCP_port>
```

```
demo@sza0682:~$ ros2 launch innovusion ivu_pc2.py device_ip:=172.168.1.10 lidar_port:=8010
[INFO] [launch]: All log files can be found below /home/demo/.ros/log/2023-08-07-14-19-28-785946-sza0682-8254
[INFO] [launch]: Default logging verbosity is set to INFO
[INFO] [publisher-1]: process started with pid [8256]
[publisher-1] [INFO] [1691389168.844206321] [ivu_pub]:
  lidar_name: falcon, frame_id: innovusion
  lidar_ip: 172.168.1.10, lidar_port: 8010
  reflectance: 1, multiple_return: 1
  pcap_file:
  packet_rate: 20
  file_rewind: -1
  lidar_udp_port: -1      max_range: 2000.000000, min_range: 0.400000
  name_value_pairs:
  continue_live: 1
  coordinate_mode: 0
[publisher-1] [INFO] [1691389168.845036003] [ivu_pub]: 8256 mem_pool_manager.cpp:32 MemPoolManager [AsyncJob_memory_pool] 0x56246836ba70 created
pool=0x7f65944e6010, unit_size=4096, unit_count=90, allocator=DefaultMemAllocator
[publisher-1] [INFO] [1691389168.845204190] [ivu_pub]: 8268 consumer_producer.cpp:191 thread AsyncLogThread_Manager starts. pid=8268 target_prior
ity=0
[publisher-1] [INFO] [1691389168.855174368] [ivu_pub]: 8256 async_log.cpp:69 LIDAR Log Async Thread work : True
[publisher-1] [INFO] [1691389168.855262757] [ivu_pub]: 8256 api_common.cpp:59 LIDAR SDK version is DEV-internal
[publisher-1] [INFO] [1691389168.855278958] [ivu_pub]: 8256 api_common.cpp:60 LIDAR SDK build tag is LOCAL-BUILD
[publisher-1] [INFO] [1691389168.855282835] [ivu_pub]: 8256 api_common.cpp:61 LIDAR SDK build time is 03:49:44 Jun 30 2023
[publisher-1] [INFO] [1691389168.855286138] [ivu_pub]: 8256 api_common.cpp:69 log level change from 6 to 6
[publisher-1] [INFO] [1691389168.855291512] [ivu_pub]: 8256 driver_lidar.cc:101 Lidar name is falcon
[publisher-1] [INFO] [1691389168.855294778] [ivu_pub]: 8256 mem_allocator.cpp:313 DefaultMemAllocator calloc start
[publisher-1] [INFO] [1691389168.855297740] [ivu_pub]: 8256 mem_pool_manager.cpp:32 MemPoolManager [packet_pool] 0x562468374d40 created pool=0x7f
658542f010, unit_size=65536, unit_count=700, allocator=DefaultMemAllocator
```

■ Method 2

```
ros2 run innovusion publisher --ros-args -p device_ip:=<device_ip> -p lidar_port:=<TCP_port>
```

```
demo@sza0682:~$ ros2 run innovusion publisher --ros-args -p device_ip:=172.168.1.10 -p lidar_port:=8010
[INFO] [1691389388.648625138] [ivu_pub]:
  lidar_name: falcon, frame_id: innovusion
  lidar_ip: 172.168.1.10, lidar_port: 8010
  reflectance: 1, multiple_return: 1
  pcap_file:
  packet_rate: 20
  file_rewind: 0
  lidar_udp_port: -1      max_range: 2000.000000, min_range: 0.400000
  name_value_pairs:
  continue_live: 1
  coordinate_mode: 0
2023-08-07 14:23:08.649 [ INFO] 8578 driver_lidar.cc:97 INNOVUSION LIDAR SDK version=DEV-internal build_time=03:49:44 Jun 30 202
3
2023-08-07 14:23:08.649 [ INFO] 8578 log.cpp:655 setup_sig_handler ready
[INFO] [1691389388.649087016] [ivu_pub]: 8578 mem_pool_manager.cpp:32 MemPoolManager [AsyncJob_memory_pool] 0x55ff7e337a30 crea
ted pool=0x7fa328efc010, unit_size=4096, unit_count=90, allocator=DefaultMemAllocator
[INFO] [1691389388.649167594] [ivu_pub]: 8589 consumer_producer.cpp:191 thread AsyncLogThread_Manager starts. pid=8589 target_p
riority=0
[INFO] [1691389388.659227094] [ivu_pub]: 8578 async_log.cpp:69 LIDAR Log Async Thread work : True
[INFO] [1691389388.659387112] [ivu_pub]: 8578 api_common.cpp:59 LIDAR SDK version is DEV-internal
[INFO] [1691389388.659412613] [ivu_pub]: 8578 api_common.cpp:60 LIDAR SDK build tag is LOCAL-BUILD
[INFO] [1691389388.659418187] [ivu_pub]: 8578 api_common.cpp:61 LIDAR SDK build time is 03:49:44 Jun 30 2023
[INFO] [1691389388.659422716] [ivu_pub]: 8578 api_common.cpp:69 log level change from 6 to 6
[INFO] [1691389388.659431174] [ivu_pub]: 8578 driver_lidar.cc:101 Lidar name is falcon
[INFO] [1691389388.659439884] [ivu_pub]: 8578 mem_allocator.cpp:313 DefaultMemAllocator calloc start
[INFO] [1691389388.659444819] [ivu_pub]: 8578 mem_pool_manager.cpp:32 MemPoolManager [packet_pool] 0x55ff7e340d00 created pool=
0x7fa31542f010, unit_size=65536, unit_count=700, allocator=DefaultMemAllocator
```

Note

The default value of device_ip is 172.168.1.10. By default, the UDP port number is 8010.

Run the `ros2 launch innovusion ivu_pc2.py` or `ros2 run innovusion publisher` directly to obtain the point cloud data with the default settings.

- Obtain the point cloud data via UDP.

■ Method 1

```
ros2 launch innovusion ivu_pc2.py device_ip:=<device_ip> udp_port:=<UDP_port>
```

■ Method 2

```
ros2 run innovusion publisher --ros-args -p device_ip:=<device_ip> -p udp_port:=<UDP_port>
```

Note

The default value of `device_ip` is 172.168.1.10. Please notice that the LiDAR transmits the data via TCP by default.

2.6.3 View LiDAR point cloud data

Note

Before viewing the point cloud data, please confirm that the point cloud data has been obtained.

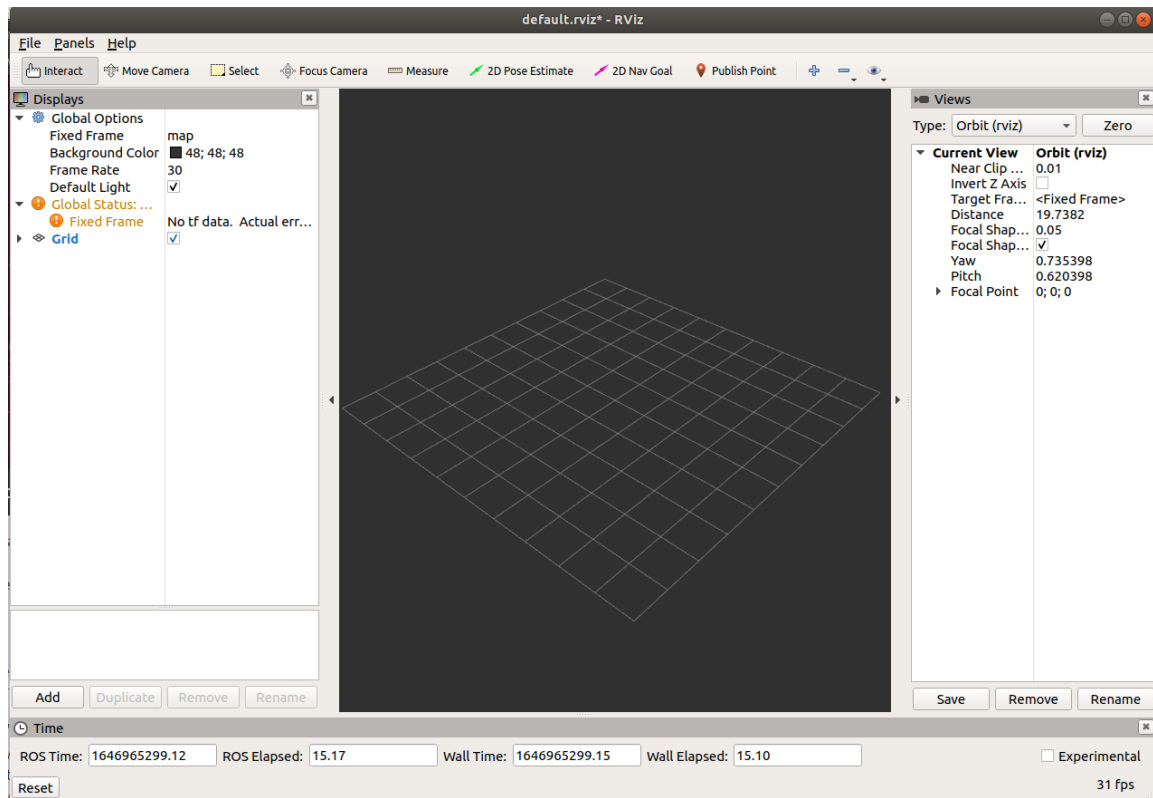
- Open a new terminal and execute the command to source the setup file.

```
source /opt/ros/foxy/setup.bash
```

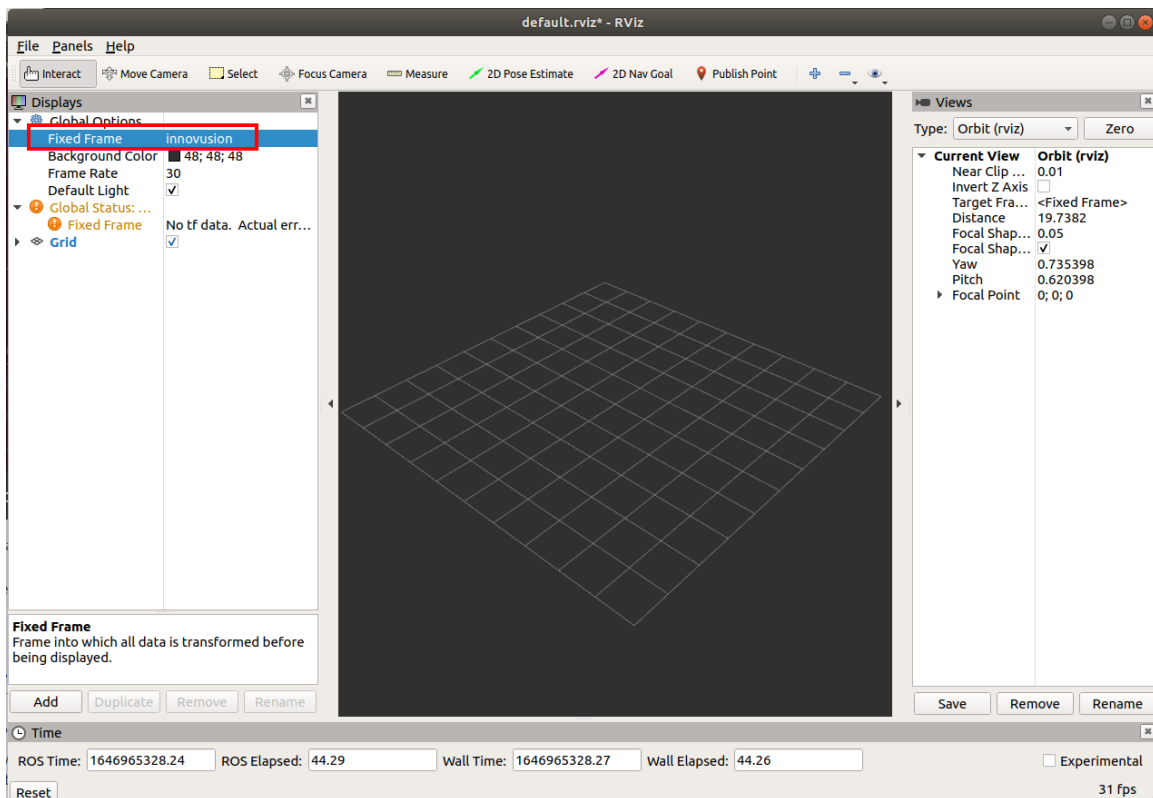
- Start the graphical tool **rviz**. The return value and **rviz** interface are shown below.

```
ros2 run rviz2 rviz2
```

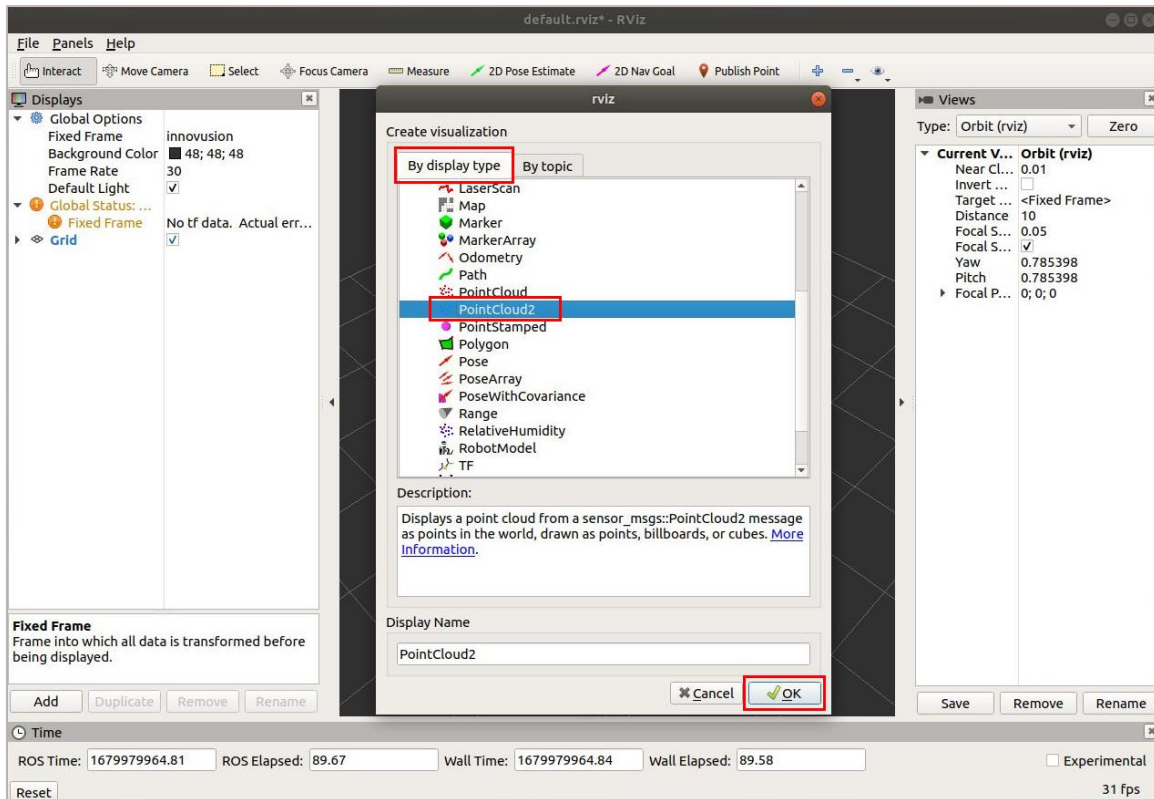
```
demo@sza0682:~$ ros2 run rviz2 rviz2
[INFO] [1691389803.621535541] [rviz2]: Stereo is NOT SUPPORTED
[INFO] [1691389803.621596887] [rviz2]: OpenGL version: 4.6 (GLSL 4.6)
[INFO] [1691389803.637049672] [rviz2]: Stereo is NOT SUPPORTED
□
```



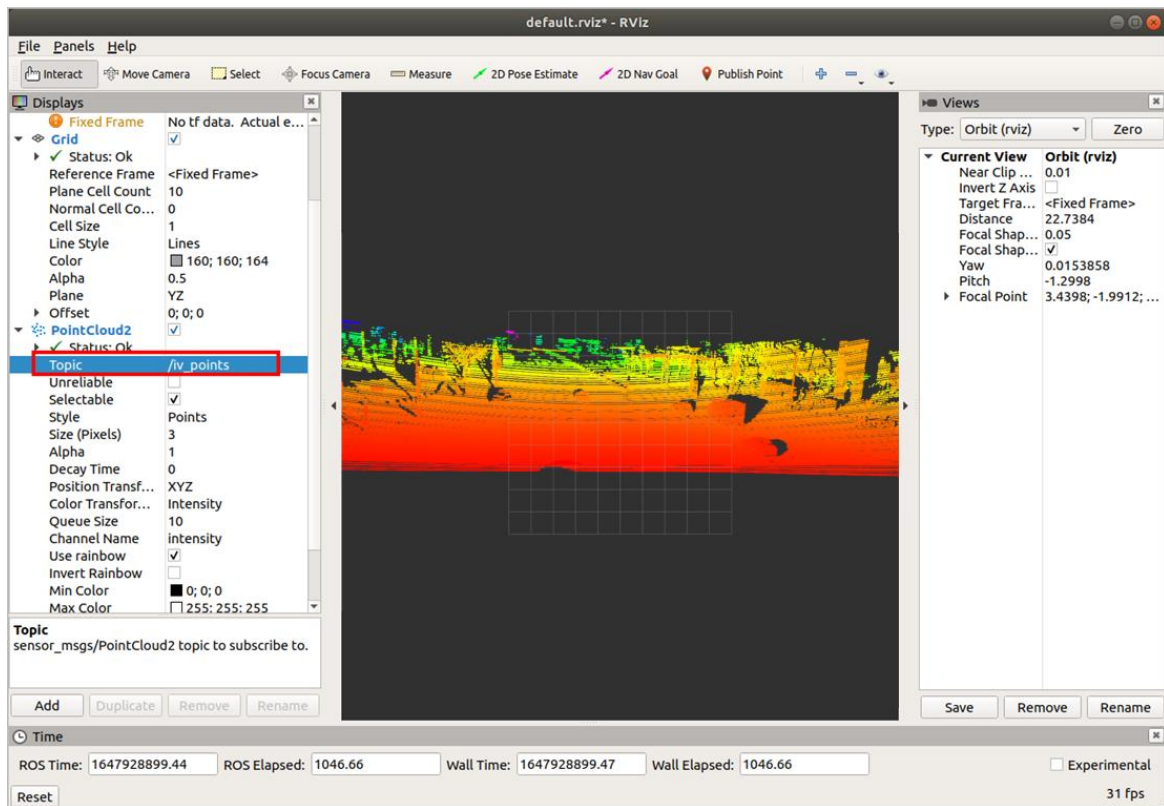
- Select **Global Options > Fixed Frames**. Set the Fixed Frames value to **innovusion**.



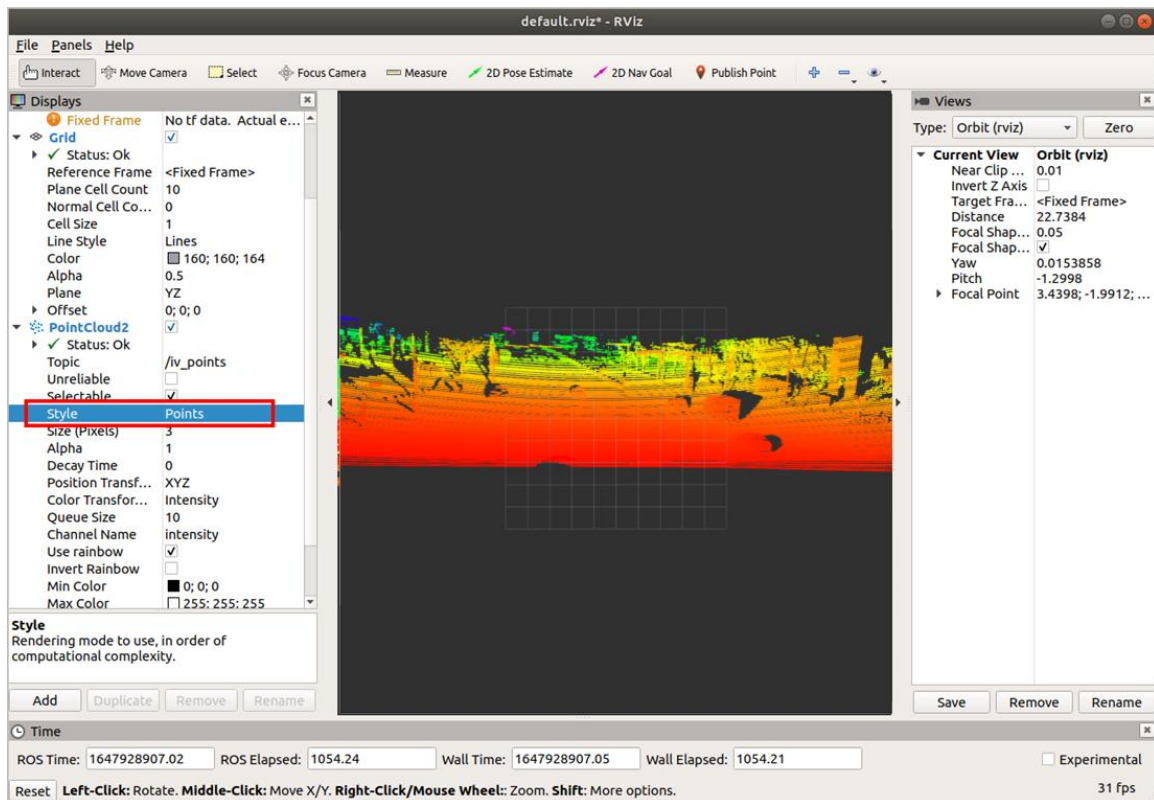
- Add and adjust **PointCloud2**.
- Add PointCloud2 to Displays.
 - a. Click **Add**.
 - d. Select By display type> PointCloud2.
 - e. Click **OK**.



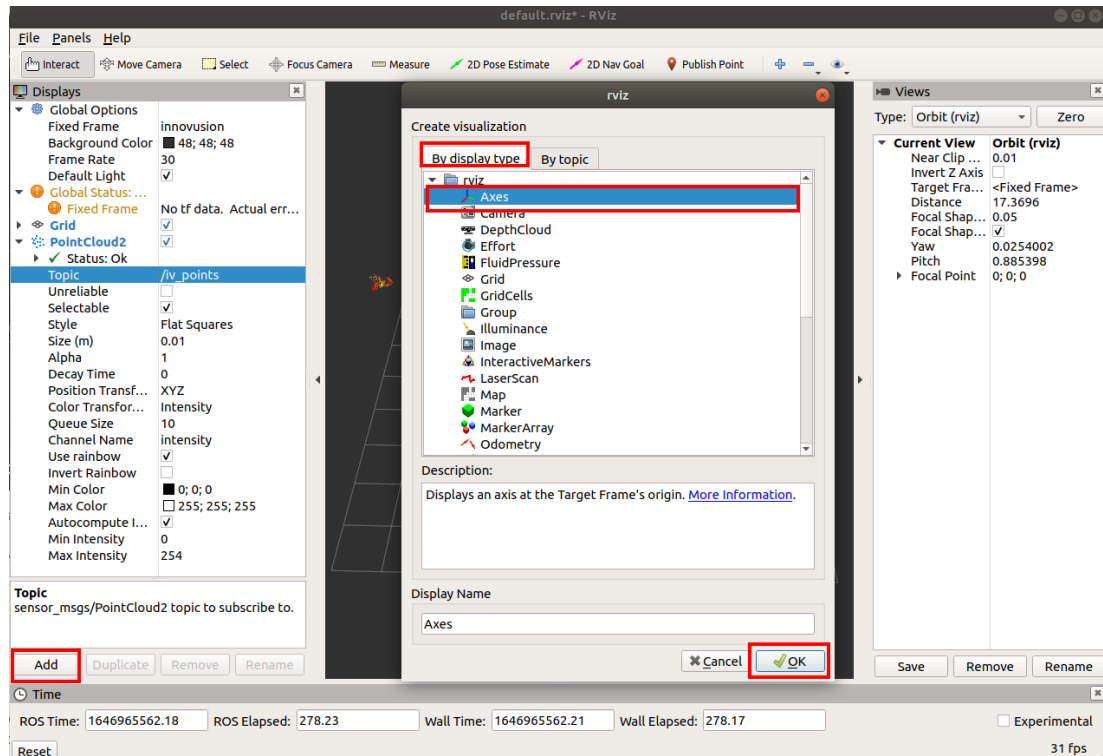
- Select **PointCloud2 > Topic**. Set the Topic value to **/iv_points**.



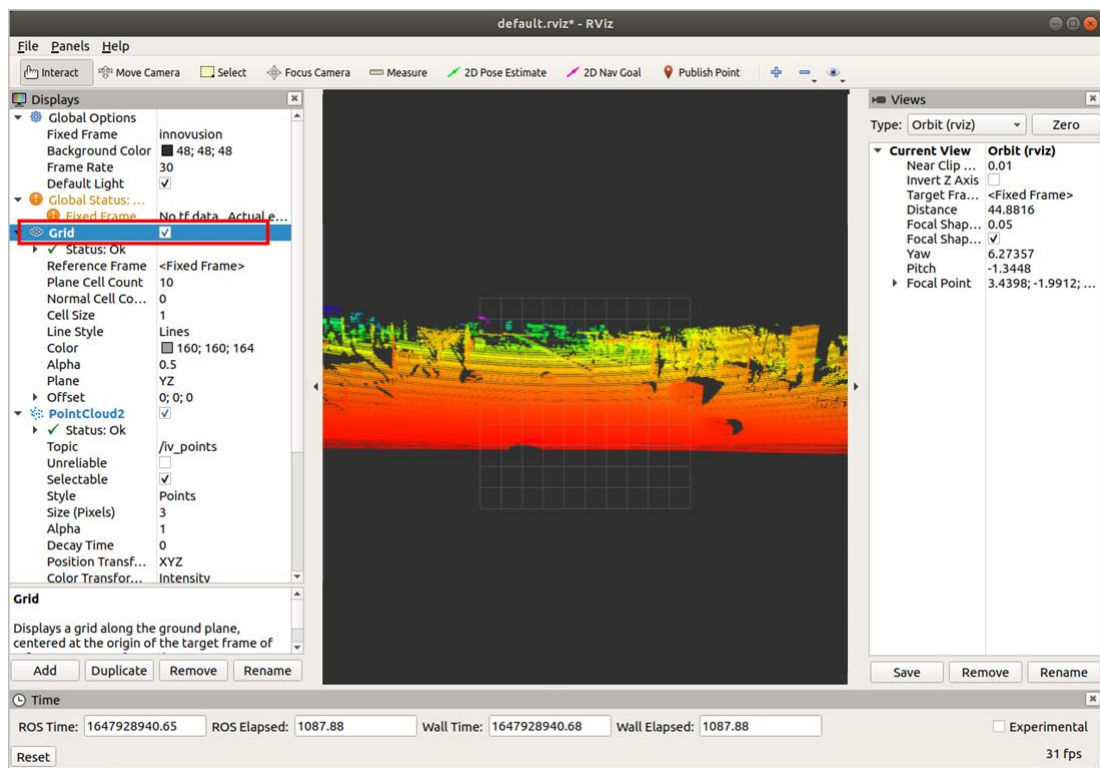
- Select **PointCloud2 > Style**. Set the Style value to **Points**.



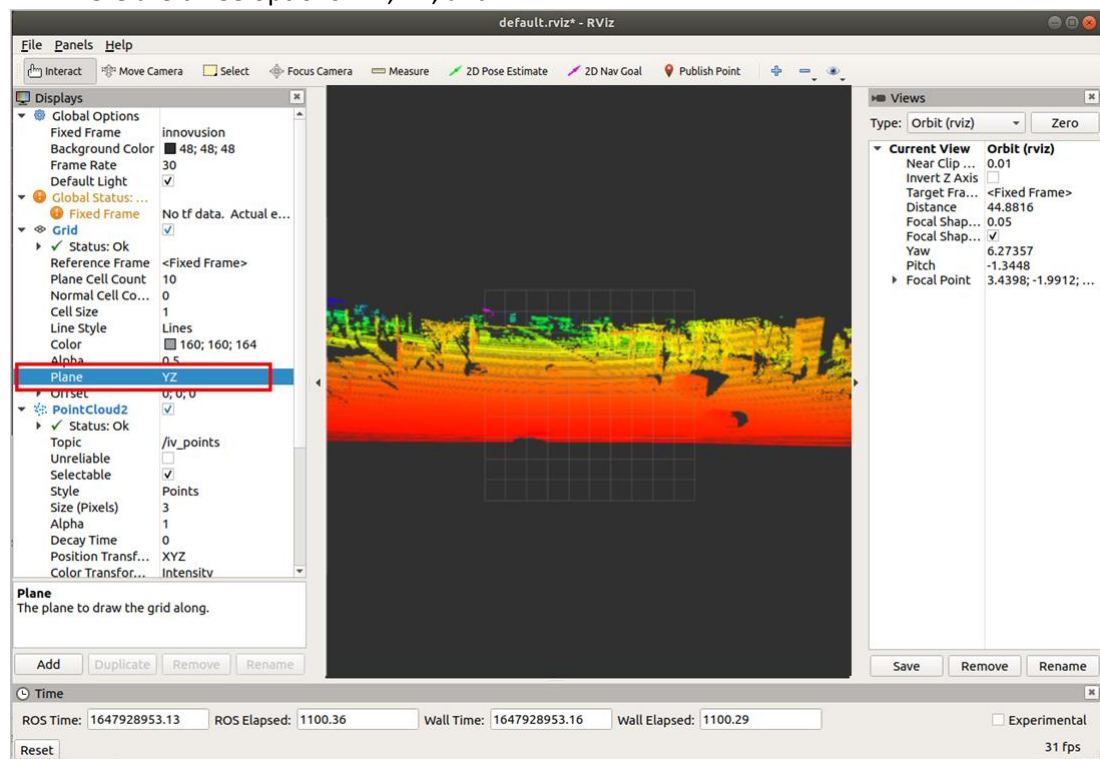
- (Optional) It is possible to change the angle and distance of the real-time point cloud status to get more information as needed.
- Select **Axes** to add the coordinate system to the diagram as a reference.
 - a. Select **Add > By display type > Axes**.
 - b. Click **OK**.



- Select **Grid** to add the grid to the diagram as a reference. Grid is enabled by default when rviz is started.



- Set the **plane** value to view the point cloud status under different coordinate systems. There are three options: **XY**, **XZ**, and **YZ**.



2.6.4 Replay LiDAR point cloud data

It is possible to replay the point cloud data in pcap format in ROS2 environment.

Note

Before replaying LiDAR point cloud data, please confirm that the recorded point cloud data file has been obtained.

It is possible to capture the pcap data with Wireshark.

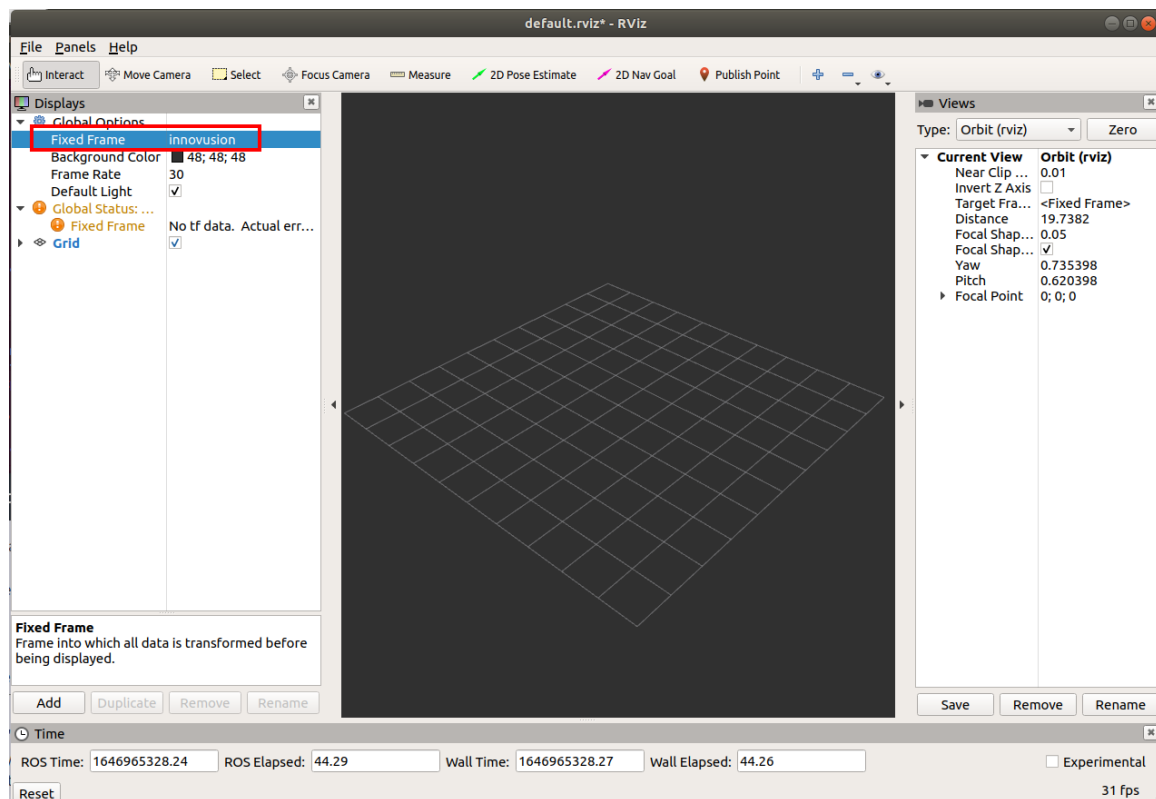
Only data captured in UDP can be replayed.

- Start the graphical tool **rviz**. The return value and **rviz** interface are shown below.

```
ros2 run rviz2 rviz2
```

```
demo@sza0682:~$ ros2 run rviz2 rviz2
[INFO] [1691389803.621535541] [rviz2]: Stereo is NOT SUPPORTED
[INFO] [1691389803.621596887] [rviz2]: OpenGL version: 4.6 (GLSL 4.6)
[INFO] [1691389803.637049672] [rviz2]: Stereo is NOT SUPPORTED
```

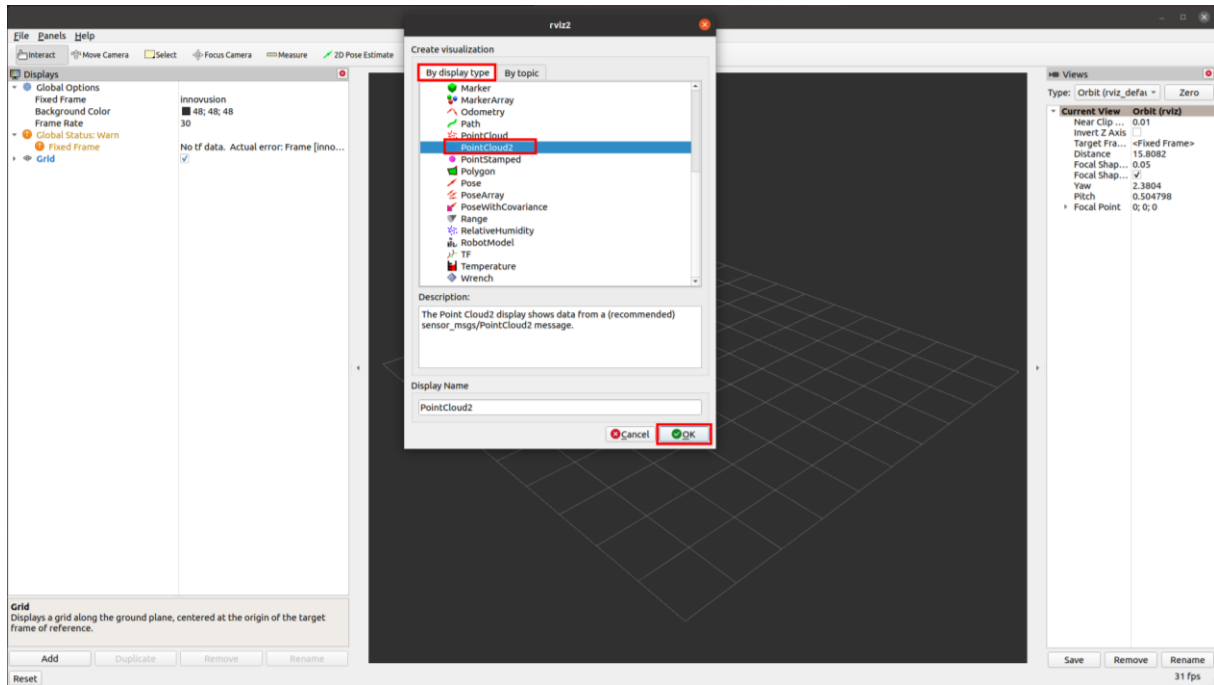
- Select **Global Options > Fixed Frames**. Set the **Fixed Frames** value to **innovusion**.



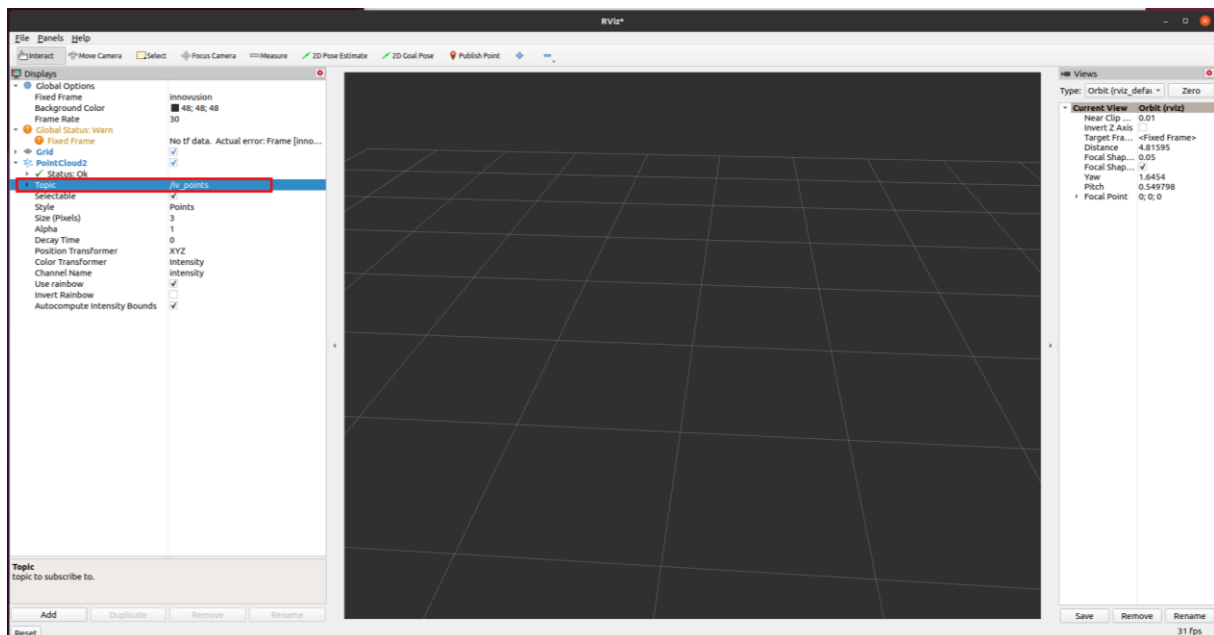
- Add and configure **PointCloud2**.
 - Add PointCloud2 to the Displays.
 - Click **Add**.

c. Select By display type > PointCloud2.

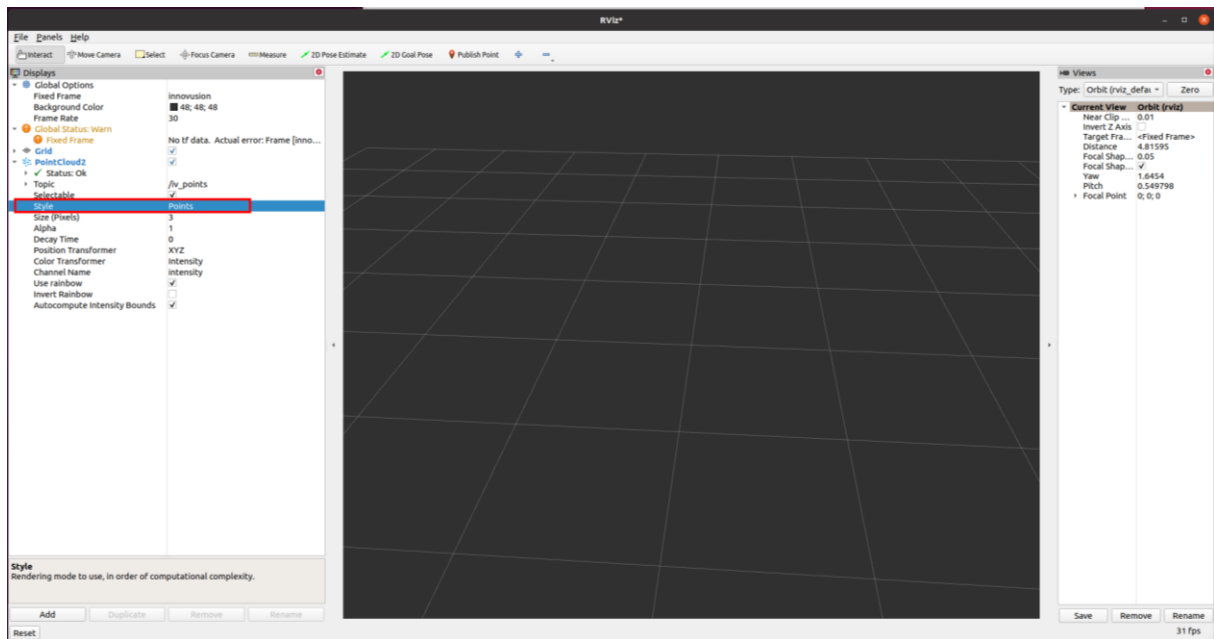
d. Click OK.



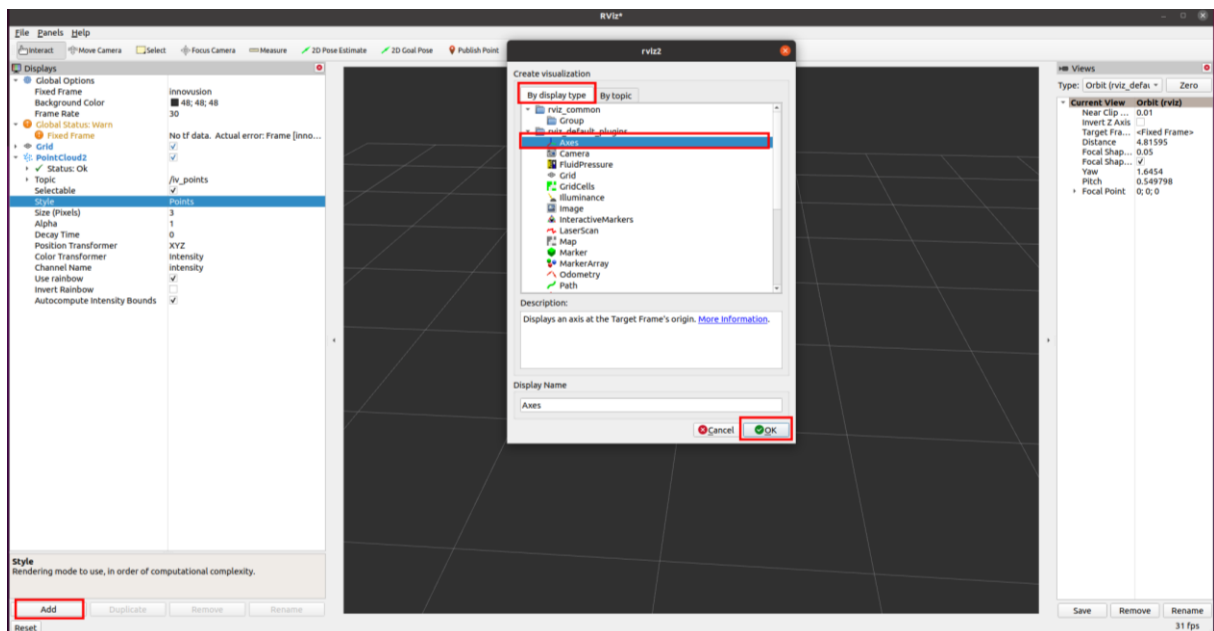
- Select **PointCloud2** > **Topic**. Set the Topic value to **/iv_points**.



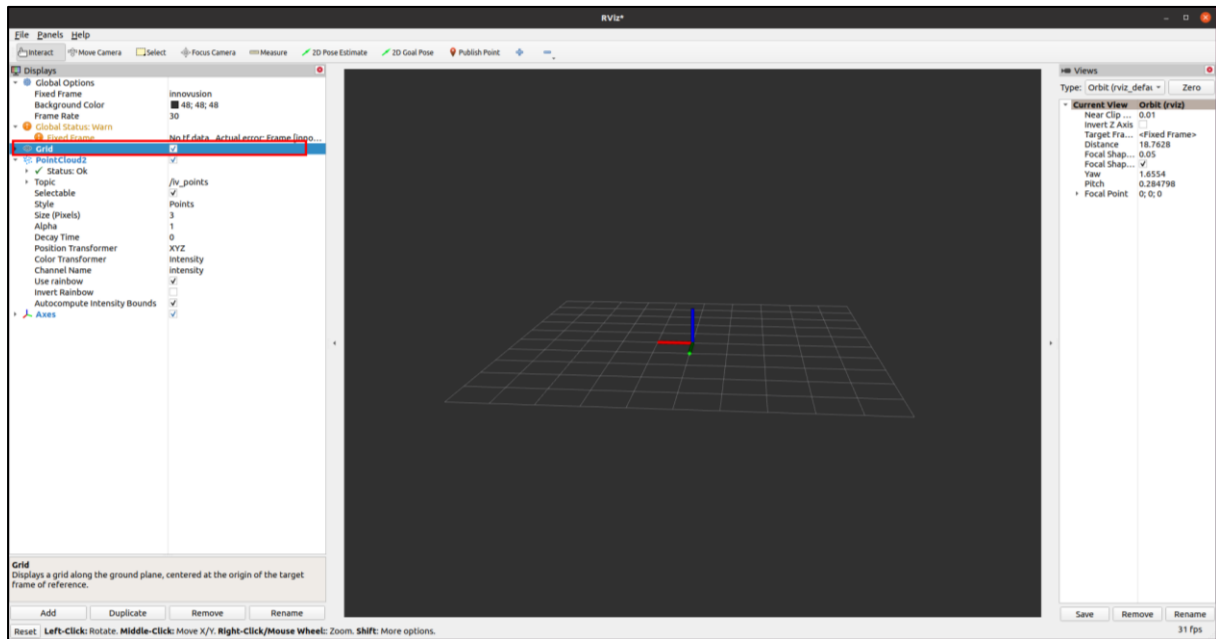
- Select **PointCloud2** > **Style**. Set the Style value to **Points**.



- (Optional) It is possible to change the angle and distance of the real-time point cloud status to get more information as needed.
- Select **Axes** to add the coordinate system to the diagram as a reference.
 - a. Select **Add > By display type > Axes**.
 - b. Click **OK**.



- Select **Grid** to add the grid to the diagram as a reference. Grid is enabled by default when **rviz** is started.

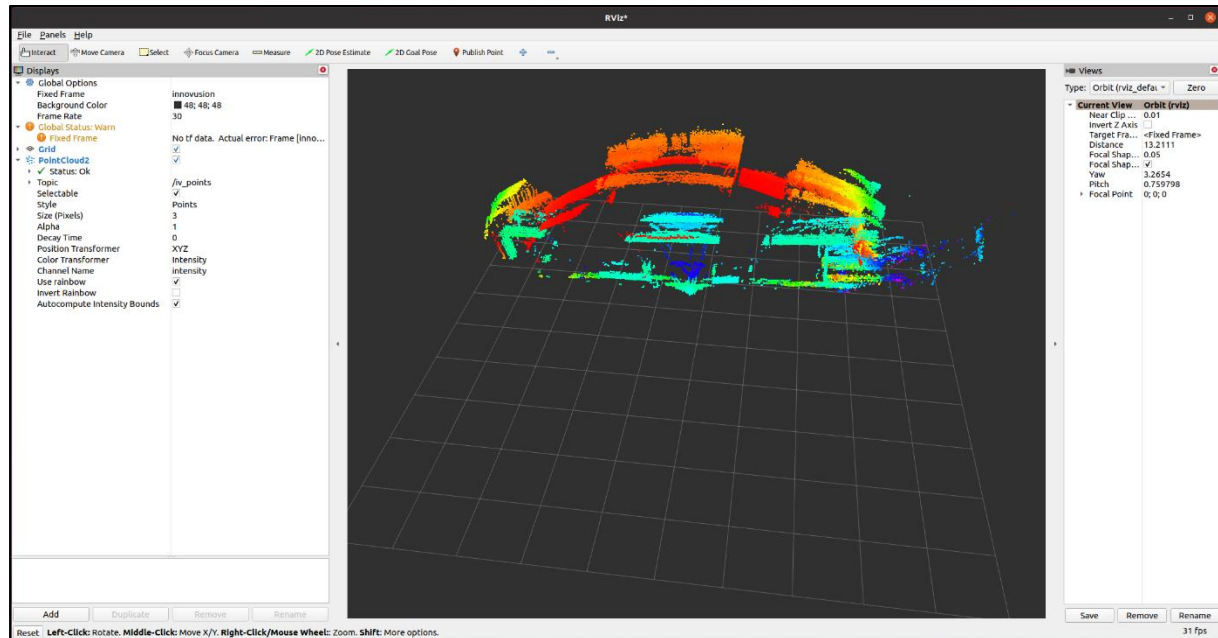


- Set the **plane** value to view the point cloud status under different coordinate systems. There are three options: **XY**, **XZ**, and **YZ**.
- Replay LiDAR point cloud data in **rviz**.

```
ros2 run innovusion publisher --ros-args -p device_ip:=<data_ip> -p pcap_file:=<pcap_file>
-p udp_port:=<data_port> [-p packet_rate:=<playback_rate>] | [-p file_rewind:=<file_rewind>]
```

```
demo@szao682:~/Desktop/ros2_installation$ ros2 run innovusion publisher --ros-args -p device_ip:=172.168.1.10 -p pcap_file:=test_for_ros.pcap
-p udp_port:=8010 -p file_rewind:=-1
[INFO] [1691390060.940374577] [ivu_pub]:
lidar_name: falcon, frame_id: innovusion
lidar_ip: 172.168.1.10, lidar_port: 8010
reflectance: 1, multiple_return: 1
pcap_file: test_for_ros.pcap
packet_rate: 20
file_rewind: -1
lidar_udp_port: 8010    max_range: 2000.000000, min_range: 0.400000
name_value_pairs:
continue_live: 1
coordinate_mode: 0

2023-08-07 14:34:20.940 [ INFO] 9124 driver_lidar.cc:97 INNOVUSION LIDAR SDK version=DEV-internal build_time=03:49:44 Jun 30 2023
2023-08-07 14:34:20.941 [ INFO] 9124 log.cpp:655 setup_sig_handler ready
[INFO] [1691390060.941026431] [ivu_pub]: 9124 mem_pool_manager.cpp:32 MemPoolManager [AsyncJob_memory_pool] 0x55bf5655d650 created pool=0x7fae3c838010, unit_size=4096, unit_count=90, allocator=DefaultMemAllocator
[INFO] [1691390060.941093389] [ivu_pub]: 9135 consumer_producer.cpp:191 thread AsyncLogThreadManager starts. pid=9135 target_priority=0
[INFO] [1691390060.951170615] [ivu_pub]: 9124 async_log.cpp:69 LIDAR Log Async Thread work : True
[INFO] [1691390060.951279656] [ivu_pub]: 9124 api_common.cpp:59 LIDAR SDK version is DEV-internal
[INFO] [1691390060.951316848] [ivu_pub]: 9124 api_common.cpp:60 LIDAR SDK build tag is LOCAL-BUILD
[INFO] [1691390060.951324099] [ivu_pub]: 9124 api_common.cpp:61 LIDAR SDK build time is 03:49:44 Jun 30 2023
[INFO] [1691390060.951330346] [ivu_pub]: 9124 api_common.cpp:69 log level change from 6 to 6
[INFO] [1691390060.951341801] [ivu_pub]: 9124 driver_lidar.cc:101 Lidar name is falcon
[INFO] [1691390060.951347649] [ivu_pub]: 9124 driver_lidar.cc:206 ## pcap_file is test_for_ros.pcap, device_ip is 172.168.1.10, play_rate is 20, rewind id -1, 8010/8010/8010 ##
[INFO] [1691390060.951353721] [ivu_pub]: 9124 mem_allocator.cpp:313 DefaultMemAllocator calloc start
[INFO] [1691390060.951359799] [ivu_pub]: 9124 mem_pool_manager.cpp:32 MemPoolManager [packet_pool] 0x55bf56566960 created pool=0x7fae1d42f010, unit_size=65536, unit_count=700, allocator=DefaultMemAllocator
[INFO] [1691390060.951371560] [ivu_pub]: 9124 lidar_base.h:622 Setting play rate to 20
[INFO] [1691390060.951378886] [ivu_pub]: 9124 lidar_base.h:630 Setting play rate to 20 MB/s
[INFO] [1691390060.951386293] [ivu_pub]: 9124 stage_client_read.h:168 filename: test_for_ros.pcap, play_round: 0
[INFO] [1691390060.952968825] [ivu_pub]: 9124 stage_client_read_pcap.h:42 filename: test_for_ros.pcap, play_round: 0
[INFO] [1691390060.953000055] [ivu_pub]: 9124 stage_client_read_pcap.h:43 pcap_filter_str: Src host 172.168.1.10 and udp
[INFO] [1691390060.953007031] [ivu_pub]: 9124 api_common.cpp:385 add lidar 1 (total=1 total_active=1)
[INFO] [1691390060.953020603] [ivu_pub]: 9124 lidar_client.cpp:230 file replay fake set reflectance
[INFO] [1691390060.953026072] [ivu_pub]: 9124 lidar_client.cpp:243 file replay fake set return mode
[INFO] [1691390060.953031237] [ivu_pub]: 9124 driver_lidar.cc:220 Use name_value_pairs
[INFO] [1691390060.953037633] [ivu_pub]: 9124 driver_lidar.cc:56 ## first call for ros2 driver ##
[INFO] [1691390060.953044330] [ivu_pub]: 9124 lidar_base.h:552 message_callback: name=falcon level=6, code=1, message=Header file inno_lidar_
```



[Parameter description]

- device_ip: The IP address of the LiDAR from which the data was captured.
- pcap_file: The file name to be replayed.
- UDP port: The UDP port of the LiDAR from which the data was captured.
- packet_rate(Optional): The replay speed of the file. The default value is 20.

- When the play_rate=0, the play speed is as fast as possible.
- When the play_rate≤100, the unit of play speed is MB/s. e.g., When play_rate=50, the play speed is at 50 MB/s.
- When the play_rate>100, the play speed=play_rate/10000.0. e.g., When play_rate=15000, the play speed is at 1.5 times.

➤ file_rewind(Optional): The number of times file is replayed.

- A default value of 0 means no repeat.
- A negative value means the file will be repeated indefinitely until the program is manually stopped.

2.6.5 Convert the reference coordinates of the displayed point cloud

Note

Before viewing the point cloud data, please confirm that the point cloud data can be obtained correctly.

About how to obtain the point cloud data, see [2.6.2 Obtain point cloud data](#).

- Convert the file reference coordinates of the point cloud displayed in rviz.

```
ros2 run innovusion publisher --ros-args -p coordinate_mode:=<select_mode>
```

```
demo@szao682:~$ ros2 run innovusion publisher --ros-args -p coordinate_mode:=1
[INFO] [1691394410.745886454] [ivu_pub]:
  lidar_name: falcon, frame_id: innovusion
  lidar_ip: 172.168.1.10, lidar_port: 8010
  reflectance: 1, multiple_return: 1
  pcap_file:
  packet_rate: 20
  file_rewind: 0
  lidar_udp_port: -1      max_range: 2000.000000, min_range: 0.400000
  name_value_pairs:
  continue_live: 1
  coordinate_mode: 1

2023-08-07 15:46:50.746 [ INFO] 9686 driver_lidar.cc:97 INNOVUSION LIDAR SDK version=DEV-internal build_time=03:49:44 Jun 30 2023
2023-08-07 15:46:50.746 [ INFO] 9686 log.cpp:655 setup_sig_handler ready
[INFO] [1691394410.746531844] [ivu_pub]: 9686 mem_pool_manager.cpp:32 MemPoolManager [AsyncJob_memory_pool] 0x5580ec7753f0 created pool=0x7f27c9bde010, unit size=4096, unit count=90, allocator=DefaultMemAllocator
[INFO] [1691394410.746624797] [ivu_pub]: 9697 consumer_producer.cpp:191 thread AsyncLogThread_Manager starts. pid=9697 target_priority=0
[INFO] [1691394410.756736917] [ivu_pub]: 9686 async_log.cpp:69 LIDAR Log Async Thread work : True
[INFO] [1691394410.756776422] [ivu_pub]: 9686 api_common.cpp:59 LIDAR SDK version is DEV-internal
[INFO] [1691394410.756820867] [ivu_pub]: 9686 api_common.cpp:60 LIDAR SDK build tag is LOCAL-BUILD
[INFO] [1691394410.756838896] [ivu_pub]: 9686 api_common.cpp:61 LIDAR SDK build time is 03:49:44 Jun 30 2023
[INFO] [1691394410.756843675] [ivu_pub]: 9686 api_common.cpp:69 log level change from 6 to 6
[INFO] [1691394410.756851173] [ivu_pub]: 9686 driver_lidar.cc:101 Lidar name is falcon
[INFO] [1691394410.756855392] [ivu_pub]: 9686 mem_allocator.cpp:313 DefaultMemAllocator calloc start
[INFO] [1691394410.756860787] [ivu_pub]: 9686 mem_pool_manager.cpp:32 MemPoolManager [packet_pool] 0x5580ec77e710 created pool=0x7f27b942f010, unit size=65536, unit count=700, allocator=DefaultMemAllocator
[INFO] [1691394410.756865946] [ivu_pub]: 9686 stage_client_read.h:168 filename: ', play_round: 0
[INFO] [1691394410.756870113] [ivu_pub]: 9686 lidar_client.cpp:57 falcon uses live lidar at 172.168.1.10 port=8010 udp_port=0
[INFO] [1691394410.756874482] [ivu_pub]: 9686 api_common.cpp:385 add lidar 1 (total=1 total_active=1)
[INFO] [1691394410.756878601] [ivu_pub]: 9686 config.cpp:56 config LidarClient_Communication(1) set get_conn_timeout_sec to 5.0
[INFO] [1691394410.756882723] [ivu_pub]: 9686 config.cpp:56 config LidarClient_StageClientRead(1) set misorder_fix_enable to 1
[INFO] [1691394410.756886715] [ivu_pub]: 9686 net_manager.cpp:110 Requesting /command/?set_reflectance_mode=2 from 172.168.1.10:8010
[INFO] [1691394410.757778770] [ivu_pub]: 9686 net_manager.cpp:110 Requesting /command/?set_return_mode=1 from 172.168.1.10:8010
[INFO] [1691394410.758405100] [ivu_pub]: 9686 driver_lidar.cc:220 Use name_value_pairs
[INFO] [1691394410.758422391] [ivu_pub]: 9686 driver_lidar.cc:56 ## first call for ros2 driver ##
```

[Parameter description]

coordinate_mode: The reference coordinates of the displayed point cloud, ranging from 0 to 4. A default value of 0 means that the X-axis is pointing up, the Y-axis is pointing right, and the Z-axis is pointing forward.

- A value of 1 means that the X-axis is pointing right, the Y-axis is pointing forward, and the Z-axis is pointing up.

- A value of 2 means that the X-axis is pointing right, the Y-axis is pointing up, and the Z-axis is pointing forward.
- A value of 3 means that the X-axis is pointing forward, the Y-axis is pointing reverse right, and the Z-axis is pointing up.
- A value of 4 means that the X-axis is pointing forward, the Y-axis is pointing up, and the Z-axis is pointing right.

2.6.6 Configure the reflectance mode and the return mode

Note

Before viewing the point cloud data, please confirm that the point cloud data can be obtained correctly. About how to obtain the point cloud data, see [2.6.2 Obtain point cloud data](#).

- Configure the reflectance mode.

```
ros2 run innovusion publisher --ros-args -p reflectance_mode:=<reflectance_mode>
```

[Parameter description]

reflectance_mode: reflectance mode of the LiDAR. The value of reflectance mode can be either false or true.

- A value of false means that the reflectance mode of the LiDAR is selected as intensity. The return value in intensity mode is the echo read directly by LiDAR. The intensity varies with the influence of the factors including object distance, object reflectivity, beam angle, etc.
- A value of true means that the reflectance mode of the LiDAR is selected as reflectivity. The return value in reflectivity mode is the calculated result based on the intensity and rectified with the object distance, beam angle and other parameters.

```
demo@szs0682:~$ ros2 run innovusion publisher --ros-args -p reflectance_mode:=true
[INFO] [1691394469.010590618] [lvu_pub]:
lidar_name: falcon, frame_id: innovusion
lidar_ip: 172.168.1.10, lidar_port: 8010
reflectance: 1, multiple_return: 1
pcap_file:
packet_rate: 20
file_rewind: 0
lidar_udp_port: -1      max_range: 2000.000000, min_range: 0.400000
name_value_pairs:
continue_live: 1
coordinate_mode: 0

2023-08-07 15:47:49.011 [ INFO] 9749 driver_lidar.cc:97 INNOVUSION LIDAR SDK version=DEV-internal build_time=03:49:44 Jun 30 2023
2023-08-07 15:47:49.011 [ INFO] 9749 log.cpp:655 setup_sig_handler ready
[INFO] [1691394469.011212102] [lvu_pub]: 9749 mem_pool_manager.cpp:32 MemPoolManager [AsyncJob_memory_pool] 0x55def8676740 created pool=0x7fe08c018010, unit_size=4096, unit_count=90, allocator=DefaultMemAllocator
[INFO] [1691394469.011300272] [lvu_pub]: 9760 consumer_producer.cpp:191 thread AsyncLogThread_Manager starts. pid=9760 target_priority=0
[INFO] [1691394469.021403573] [lvu_pub]: 9749 async_log.cpp:69 LIDAR Log Async Thread work : True
[INFO] [1691394469.021544847] [lvu_pub]: 9749 api_common.cpp:59 LIDAR SDK version is DEV-internal
[INFO] [1691394469.021572565] [lvu_pub]: 9749 api_common.cpp:60 LIDAR SDK build tag is LOCAL-BUILD
[INFO] [1691394469.021580988] [lvu_pub]: 9749 api_common.cpp:61 LIDAR SDK build time is 03:49:44 Jun 30 2023
[INFO] [1691394469.021588046] [lvu_pub]: 9749 api_common.cpp:69 log level change from 6 to 6
[INFO] [1691394469.021595139] [lvu_pub]: 9749 driver_lidar.cc:101 Lidar name is falcon
[INFO] [1691394469.021599545] [lvu_pub]: 9749 mem_allocator.cpp:313 DefaultMemAllocator calloc start
[INFO] [1691394469.021603642] [lvu_pub]: 9749 mem_pool_manager.cpp:32 MemPoolManager [packet_pool] 0x55def867fa50 created pool=0x7fe074c2e010, unit_size=65536, unit_count=700, allocator=DefaultMemAllocator
[INFO] [1691394469.021608441] [lvu_pub]: 9749 stage_client_read.h:168 filename: *, play_round: 0
[INFO] [1691394469.021612698] [lvu_pub]: 9749 lidar_client.cpp:57 falcon uses live lidar at 172.168.1.10 port=8010 udp_port=0
[INFO] [1691394469.021616903] [lvu_pub]: 9749 api_common.cpp:385 add lidar 1 (total=1 total_active=1)
[INFO] [1691394469.021620000] [lvu_pub]: 9749 api_common.cpp:385 add lidar 1 (total=1 total_active=1)
```


2.6.7 Configure the return mode

Note

Before viewing the point cloud data, please confirm that the point cloud data can be obtained correctly.

About how to obtain the point cloud data, see [2.6.2 Obtain point cloud data](#).

- Configure the return mode.

```
ros2 run innovusion publisher --ros-args -p multiple_return:=<return_mode>
```

[Parameter description]

Multiple_return: the echo received when a laser is emitted once.

- A default value of 1 means single echo with strongest return.
- A value of 2 means strongest & 2nd strongest return.

```
demo@szao682:~$ ros2 run innovusion publisher --ros-args -p multiple_return:=1
[INFO] [1691394547.578989701] [lvu_pub]:
lidar_name: falcon, frame_id: innovusion
lidar_ip: 172.168.1.10, lidar_port: 8010
reflectance: 1, multiple_return: 1
pcap_file:
packet_rate: 20
file_rewind: 0
lidar_udp_port: -1      max_range: 2000.000000, min_range: 0.400000
name_value_pairs:
continue_live: 1
coordinate_mode: 0

2023-08-07 15:49:07.579 [ INFO] 9807 driver_lidar.cc:97 INNOVUSION LIDAR SDK version=DEV-internal build_time=03:49:44 Jun 30 2023
2023-08-07 15:49:07.579 [ INFO] 9807 log.cpp:655 setup_sig_handler ready
[INFO] [1691394547.579665574] [lvu_pub]: 9807 mem_pool_manager.cpp:32 MemPoolManager [AsyncJob_memory_pool] 0x55da4d8a26e0 created pool=0x7f1
2cc7bf010, unit_size=4096, unit_count=90, allocator=DefaultMemAllocator
[INFO] [1691394547.579732572] [lvu_pub]: 9818 consumer_producer.cpp:191 thread AsyncLogThread_Manager starts. pid=9818 target_priority=0
[INFO] [1691394547.589870476] [lvu_pub]: 9807 async_log.cpp:69 LIDAR Log Async Thread work : True
[INFO] [1691394547.589903658] [lvu_pub]: 9807 api_common.cpp:59 LIDAR SDK version is DEV-internal
[INFO] [1691394547.589923398] [lvu_pub]: 9807 api_common.cpp:60 LIDAR SDK build tag is LOCAL-BUILD
[INFO] [1691394547.589930577] [lvu_pub]: 9807 api_common.cpp:61 LIDAR SDK build time is 03:49:44 Jun 30 2023
[INFO] [1691394547.589942911] [lvu_pub]: 9807 api_common.cpp:69 log level change from 6 to 6
[INFO] [1691394547.589953230] [lvu_pub]: 9807 driver_lidar.cc:101 Lidar name is falcon
[INFO] [1691394547.589962091] [lvu_pub]: 9807 mem_allocator.cpp:313 DefaultMemAllocator calloc start
[INFO] [1691394547.589969089] [lvu_pub]: 9807 mem_pool_manager.cpp:32 MemPoolManager [packet_pool] 0x55da4d8ab9f0 created pool=0x7f12a942f010
, unit_size=65536, unit_count=700, allocator=DefaultMemAllocator
[INFO] [1691394547.589977254] [lvu_pub]: 9807 stage_client_read.h:168 filename: , play round: 0
[INFO] [1691394547.589984739] [lvu_pub]: 9807 lidar_client.cpp:57 falcon uses live lidar at 172.168.1.10 port=8010 udp_port=0
[INFO] [1691394547.589991958] [lvu_pub]: 9807 api_common.cpp:385 add lidar 1 (total=1 total_active=1)
[INFO] [1691394547.590007492] [lvu_pub]: 9807 config.cpp:56 config LidarClient_Communication(1) set get_conn_timeout_sec to 5.0
[INFO] [1691394547.590013931] [lvu_pub]: 9807 config.cpp:56 config LidarClient_StageClientRead(1) set misorder_fix_enable to 1
```

2.6.8 Change the distance limitation for the displayed point cloud

Note

Before viewing the point cloud data, please confirm that the point cloud data can be obtained correctly.

About how to obtain the point cloud data, see [2.6.2 Obtain point cloud data](#).

- Change the distance limitation for the displayed point cloud.

```
ros2 run innovusion publisher --ros-args -p max_range:=<max_distance> -p
min_range:=<min_distance>
```

[Parameter description]

- max_range: The maximum distance of the displayed point cloud in meters, up to 2000.0.

- **min_range:** The minimum distance of the displayed point cloud in meters, down to 0.4.

Note

Please notice that the **max_range** should be greater than the **min_range**.

```
+ ~ ros2 run innovusion publisher --ros-args -p min_range:=0.5 -p max_range:=200.0
[INFO] [1735178235.172120984] [ivu_pub]:
lidar_name: falcon, frame_id: innovusion
lidar_ip: 172.168.1.10, lidar_port: 8010
reflectance: 1, multiple_return: 1
pcap_file:
packet_rate: 10000
file_rewind: 0
udp_port: 8010 max_range: 200.000000, min_range: 0.500000
name_value_pairs:
continue_live: 1
coordinate_mode: 0
lidar_log_limit: info
2024-12-26 09:57:15.172 [ INFO] 126198 driver_lidar.cc:159 INNOVUSION LIDAR SDK version=DEV-internal build_time=02:00:56 Dec 11 2024
2024-12-26 09:57:15.172 [ INFO] 126198 log.cpp:655 setup_sig_handler ready
[INFO] [1735178235.172839555] [ivu_pub]: 126198 mem_pool_manager.cpp:32 MemPoolManager [AsyncJob_memory_pool] 0x5650b0785da0 created pool=0x7f9ab
c0bf020, unit_size=4096, unit_count=90, allocator=DefaultMemAllocator
[INFO] [1735178235.172924244] [ivu_pub]: 126209 consumer_producer.cpp:191 thread AsyncLogThread_Manager starts. pid=126209 target_priority=0
[INFO] [1735178235.183440410] [ivu_pub]: 126198 async_log.cpp:69 LIDAR Log Async Thread work : True
[INFO] [1735178235.183529064] [ivu_pub]: 126198 api_common.cpp:60 LIDAR SDK version is DEV-internal
[INFO] [1735178235.183557393] [ivu_pub]: 126198 api_common.cpp:61 LIDAR SDK build tag is LOCAL-BUILD
[INFO] [1735178235.183570599] [ivu_pub]: 126198 api_common.cpp:62 LIDAR SDK build time is 02:00:56 Dec 11 2024
[INFO] [1735178235.183575581] [ivu_pub]: 126198 api_common.cpp:70 log level change from 6 to 6
[INFO] [1735178235.183581045] [ivu_pub]: 126198 driver_lidar.cc:163 Lidar name is falcon
[INFO] [1735178235.183589323] [ivu_pub]: 126198 mem_allocator.cpp:351 DefaultMemAllocator alloc start
[INFO] [1735178235.183592822] [ivu_pub]: 126198 mem_pool_manager.cpp:32 MemPoolManager [packet_pool] 0x5650b0790620 created pool=0x7f9aa47af020,
unit_size=65536, unit_count=900, allocator=DefaultMemAllocator
[INFO] [1735178235.183601760] [ivu_pub]: 126198 lidar_client.cpp:59 falcon uses live lidar at 172.168.1.10 port=8010 udp_port=8010
[INFO] [1735178235.183606156] [ivu_pub]: 126198 api_common.cpp:501 add lidar 1 (total=1 total_active=1)
[INFO] [1735178235.183609641] [ivu_pub]: 126198 config.cpp:55 config LidarClient_Communication(1) set get_conn_timeout_sec to 5.0
[INFO] [1735178235.183617636] [ivu_pub]: 126198 config.cpp:55 config LidarClient_StageClientRead(1) set misorder_correct_enable to 1
[INFO] [1735178235.183621321] [ivu_pub]: 126198 net_manager.cpp:112 Requesting /command/?set_reflectance_mode=2 from 172.168.1.10:8010
[INFO] [1735178235.186874833] [ivu_pub]: 126198 net_manager.cpp:112 Requesting /command/?set_return_mode=1 from 172.168.1.10:8010
[INFO] [1735178235.188402460] [ivu_pub]: 126198 driver_lidar.cc:282 Use name_value_pairs
[INFO] [1735178235.188429731] [ivu_pub]: 126198 driver_lidar.cc:113 ## first call for ros2 driver ##
[INFO] [1735178235.188434865] [ivu_pub]: 126198 lidar_base.h:559 message_callback: name=falcon level=6, code=1, message=Header file inno_lidar_ap
```

2.6.9 Shut down the LiDAR

Disconnect the power supply to shut down the LiDAR.

2.7 Operate on ILA

The ILA only supports the log and LiDAR version view features.

2.7.1 Start the LiDAR

- Connect the power supply to start the LiDAR.
- The LiDAR completes initialization and generates data after powering on for 7 to 8 seconds.

Note

The LiDAR does not have a power switch. It will become operational when power is applied.

2.7.2 Login

- Connect the computer to LiDAR and ensure the Ethernet connection.
- Change the computer IP address to the same subnet with the LiDAR.
- Open the web browser. Enter the LiDAR IP address and port number in the address bar **<IP Address>: <PORT>** to access the ILA.

Note

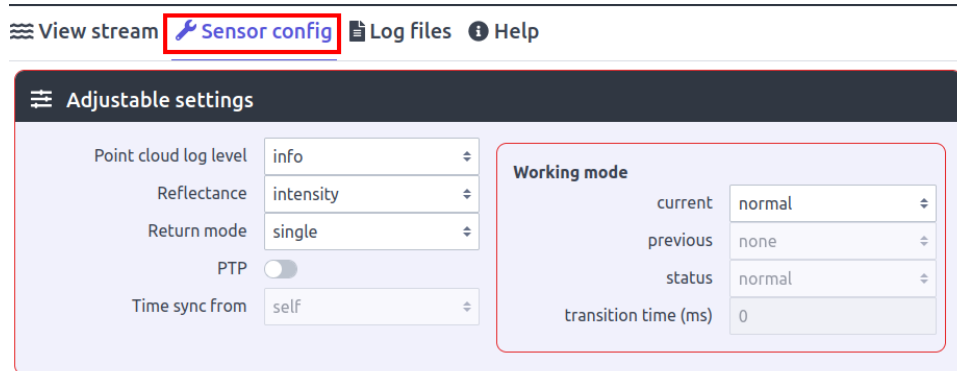
The default LiDAR IP address is 172.168.1.10. By default, the ILA port number is 8675. The default ILA login address is 172.168.1.10:8675.

It is recommended to check the access to the LiDAR IP address by using the ping command. The return value is shown in the figure below.

It is recommended to use the Google Chrome browser to log in to the ILA.

2.7.3 Change the LiDAR Reflectance

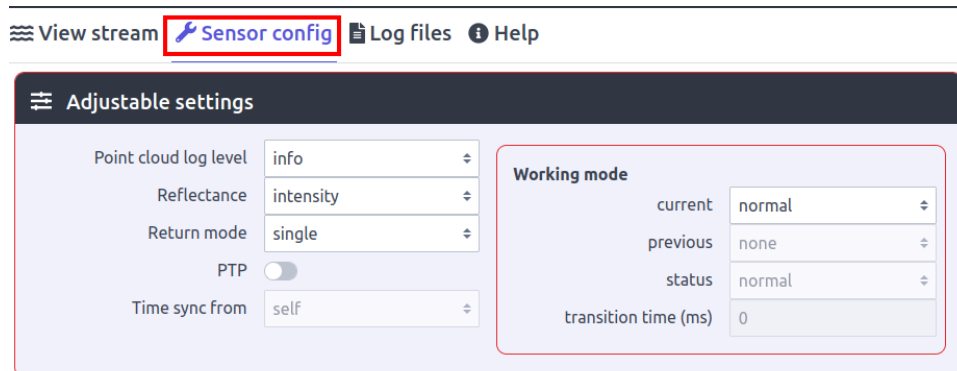
- Go to **Sensor Config > Adjustable settings**.



- Change LiDAR reflectance, either choose “intensity” or “reflectivity”

2.7.4 Configure the return mode

- Go to **Sensor Config > Adjustable settings**.

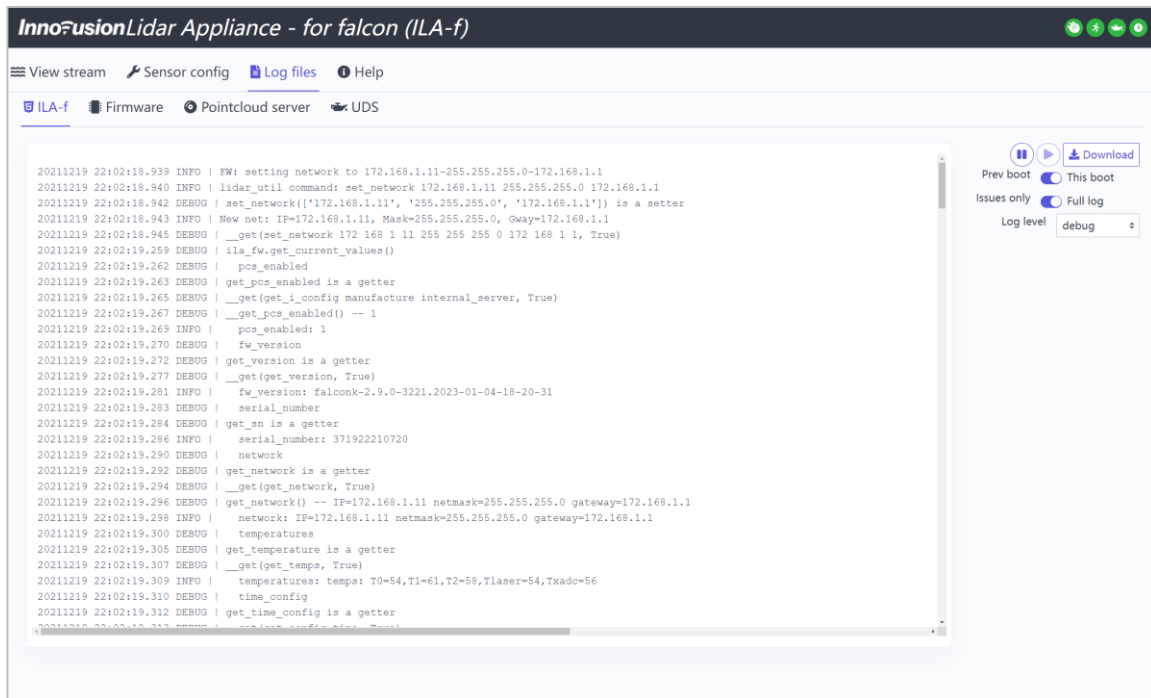


- Configure the LiDAR to determine the number and method of returns. The system supports both single-return and dual-return modes. In dual-return mode, users can choose between "strongest + second strongest returns (**2 strongest**)" and "strongest + furthest returns (**strongest & furthest**).". The system is set to single-return mode by default

2.7.5 View/download logs

You can view and download logs related to different components to confirm operations and alarm information.

- Go to **Log File**.
- Select the log type. There are four types of logs: **ILA-f (related to the webpage)**, **Firmware**, **Pointcloud server**, and **UDS**.



- (Optional) Set the filtering criteria of the logs.
 - a. Time range: Select **Prev boot** or **This boot** to choose whether to display the last 100 log messages generated before this boot or those generated after this boot.
 - b. Type of log: Select **Issues only** or **Full log** to choose whether to display only the problem or all logs.
 - c. Log level: Click **Log level** and select the log level to be displayed. The log level is described in the following table.
- View logs on the left panel. Click Download to download the corresponding logs.

2.7.6 Check the LiDAR information

Check the serial number, firmware version, SDK version and other information in **Sensor Config > Robin values**.

Robin values

Serial number

532552320131

model: E1X

Firmware version

sysupgrade_linux_robine-lite-release-567_2024-12-24-02-37-40

SDK version

inno-lidar-sdk-release-client-sdk-3.102.8

UDP

Ports

data

8010

status

8010

message

8010

Client IP address

0.0.0.0

2.7.7 Shut down the LiDAR

Disconnect the power supply to shut down the LiDAR.

3 Upgrade the LiDAR Firmware

Note

If necessary, please contact Seyond staff to obtain the upgrade package in img format. The upgrade package includes firmware and software upgrades.

1. Connect a computer to LiDAR.
2. Obtain the upgrade package in img format and copy it to a local directory on the computer.
3. Change the computer IP address to the same subnet with the LiDAR and confirm a good Ethernet connection between them.
4. Open the Chrome browser and enter the LiDAR IP address to access LiDAR.

Note

- The default LiDAR IP address is 172.168.1.10.
- It is recommended to check the access to the LiDAR IP address via the ping command. Ensure that the computer is connected to the LiDAR network. The return value is shown in the figure below.

```
demo@demo-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop-16-b0xxx:~$ ping 172.168.1.10
PING 172.168.1.10 (172.168.1.10) 56(84) bytes of data:
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=70 ttl=64 time=0.448 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=71 ttl=64 time=0.222 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=72 ttl=64 time=0.200 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=73 ttl=64 time=0.208 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=74 ttl=64 time=0.200 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=75 ttl=64 time=0.219 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=76 ttl=64 time=0.255 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=77 ttl=64 time=0.212 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=78 ttl=64 time=0.206 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=79 ttl=64 time=0.170 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=80 ttl=64 time=0.207 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=81 ttl=64 time=0.207 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=82 ttl=64 time=0.145 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=83 ttl=64 time=0.168 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=84 ttl=64 time=0.316 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=85 ttl=64 time=0.192 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=86 ttl=64 time=0.309 ms
64 bytes from 172.168.1.10: icmp_seq=87 ttl=64 time=0.295 ms
^C
--- 172.168.1.10 ping statistics ---
87 packets transmitted, 18 received, 79% packet loss, time 88040ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.145/0.232/0.448/0.069 ms
demo@demo-OMEN-by-HP-Laptop-16-b0xxx:~$
```

5. Click **Recovery/Update File**.



6. Click **Choose File**.
7. Select the required upgrade package in the **Open** window.

8. Click **Start Recovery/Update** to start the upgrade.
9. Power off and restart the system after the upgrade.
10. (Optional) View the version information on the **System info**.

Appendix A. Abbreviations and terms

Table 5 Abbreviations

Abbreviations	Full name
AC	Alternating Current
DC	Direct Current
ETH	Ethernet
FAQ	Frequently Asked Questions
FOV	Field of View
GEN	Generation
GND	Ground
GPS	Global Positioning System
H × W × D	Height × Width × Depth
IP	Internet Protocol
LiDAR	Light Detection and Ranging
MAC	Media Access Control
MEC	Multi-Access Edge Computing
NTP	Network Time Protocol
PD	Points of Detection
PPS	Pulse Per Second
PTP	Precision Time Protocol
PWR	Power
ROI	Region of Interest
ROS	Robot Operating System
SDK	Software Development Kit
SN	Serial Number
SW	Software
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol
TOF	Time of Flight
UDP	User Datagram Protocol

Table 6 Technical Terms

Terms	Definition
Class 1 laser product	Within the corresponding wavelength and emission duration, the exposure of personnel to laser radiation is not allowed to exceed Class 1 laser products that can reach the emission limit.
NTP	Network Time Protocol (NTP) is a protocol used to synchronize computer time. It is widely used to synchronize computers to Internet time servers, such as radio or satellite receivers or telephone modem services.

PTP	Precision Time Protocol (PTP) is a high-precision time synchronization protocol. It is used for high-precision time synchronization between devices but can also be used for frequency synchronization between devices.
Installer	Installers refer to those who have received professional training and have appropriate experience in the relevant field, fully understand the application of protective devices on the machine, and can assess its working safety state.
Commissioning personnel	Commissioning personnel have received professional training and have appropriate experience in the relevant field, fully understand the application of protective devices on the machine, and can assess its working safety state.
Time of flight (TOF)	The time-of-flight (TOF) calculates distance measurement by determining the elapsed time interval between transmitting and receiving signals. For the formula, see the Principles of operation section.
Laser product	Combination of any products or components used to construct or prepare for use to construct a laser or a laser system. An electronic component sold as a component to another manufacturer is not a laser product.
Laser	An electromagnetic radiation device that mainly generates or amplifies the wavelength in the range of 180nm ~ 1mm through a controlled laser emission process.
Laser equipment	A combination of laser products or laser products containing lasers.
Server	A computer that can directly issue operation and control commands. The server sends commands first to the slave computer, and then the slave computer controls the device according to this command. The slave computer reads the device status data from time to time, converts it into a digital signal, and feeds it back to the server.
Configuration personnel	The configuration personnel should have expertise and experience in the relevant field and have sufficient experience to evaluate whether the machine is in a safe operation status after using protective equipment.
Eye safety	Although the product design meets the Class 1 eye safety standard, to protect your safety to the greatest extent, do not use amplification equipment (such as a microscope and magnifying glass) to look at the laser light in transmission directly.
Service personnel	Qualified service personnel refer to those who have received professional training and have appropriate experience in the relevant field, fully understand the application of protective devices on machines, and have received the guidance of the machine operation supervisor.
Automotive Ethernet	Automotive Ethernet is a form of Ethernet network with a physical layer adapted to automotive use cases.

Appendix B. Revision history

Table 7 Revision history

Version number	Revised content	Revision time
V1.0	The first draft	2024/10/28
V1.2.0	Updates: -Specifications -Dimensions -Cables & Interface	2024/12/18
V1.3.0	Updates: -LiDAR powering time - Add "Configure the return mode" on section 3.3	2024/12/26
V1.3.1	-Modify some details , add dual return mode support notes	2024/1/14